

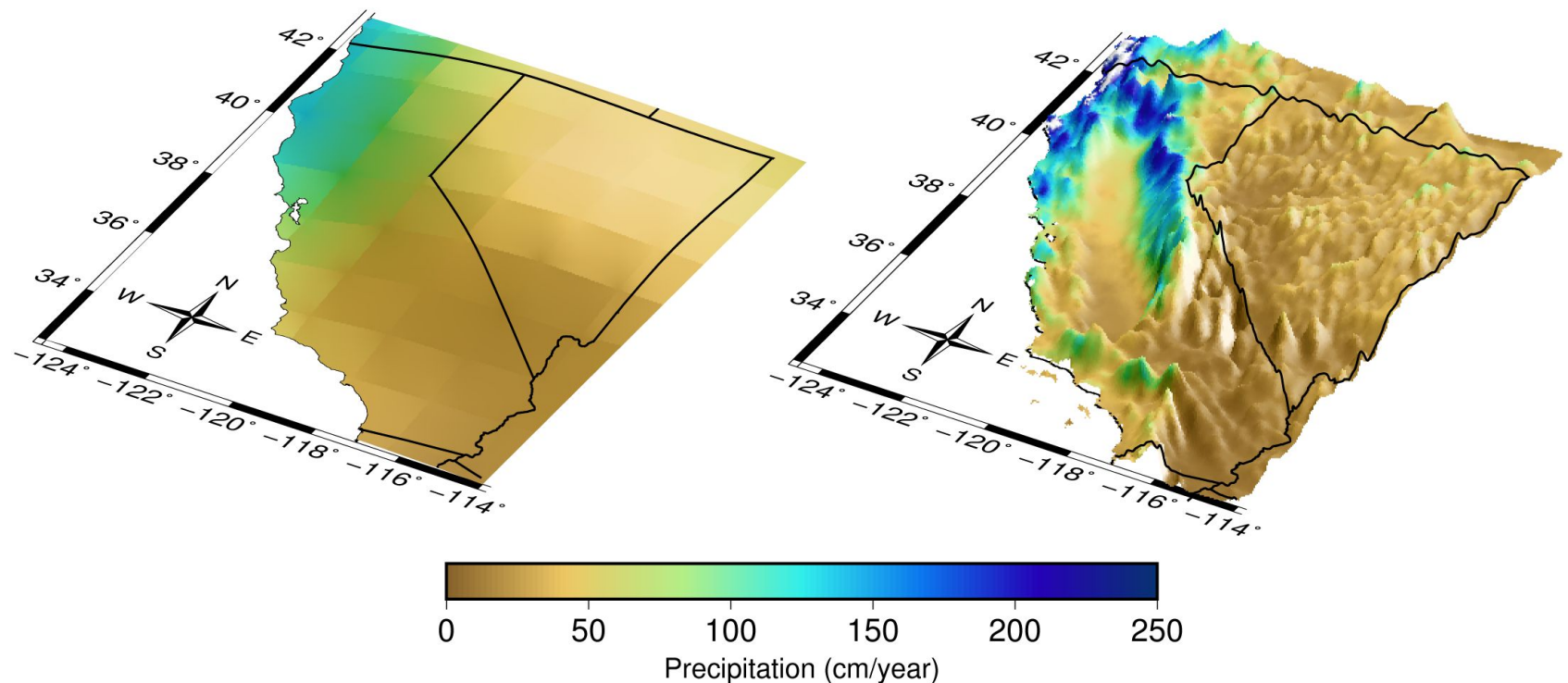
# The Depiction of Atmospheric Rivers in Downscaled Data

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Alexander Gershunov

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- Custom downscaling runs with the same coarse-resolution forcing
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WRF

CanRCM4 (0.22 deg)

RegCM4 (0.22 deg)



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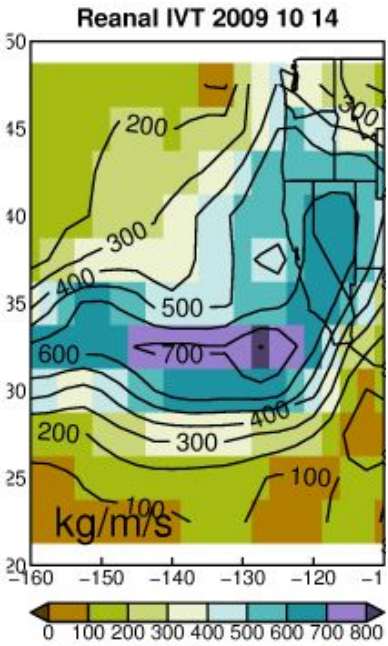
CanRCM4 (0.22 deg)

RegCM4 (0.22 deg)

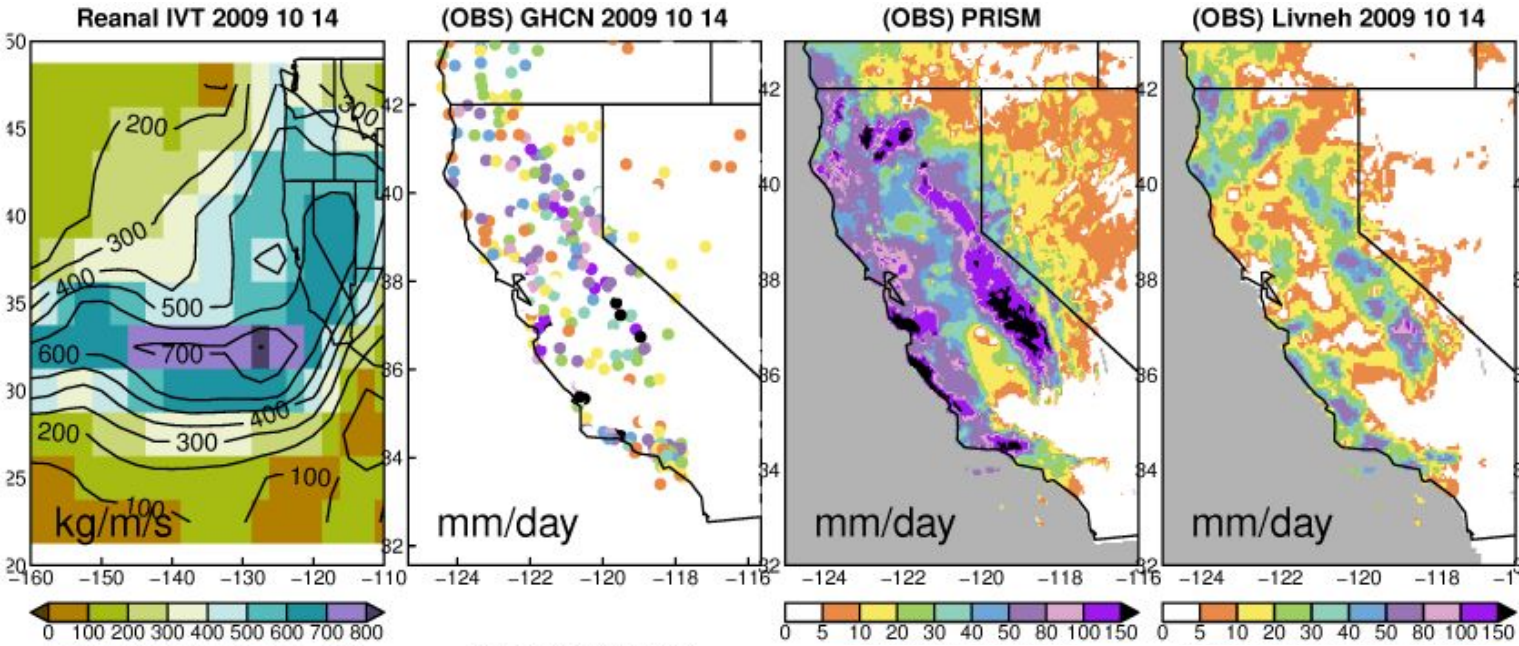
U.S. Bureau of Reclamation "Green Data Oasis"

NA-CORDEX

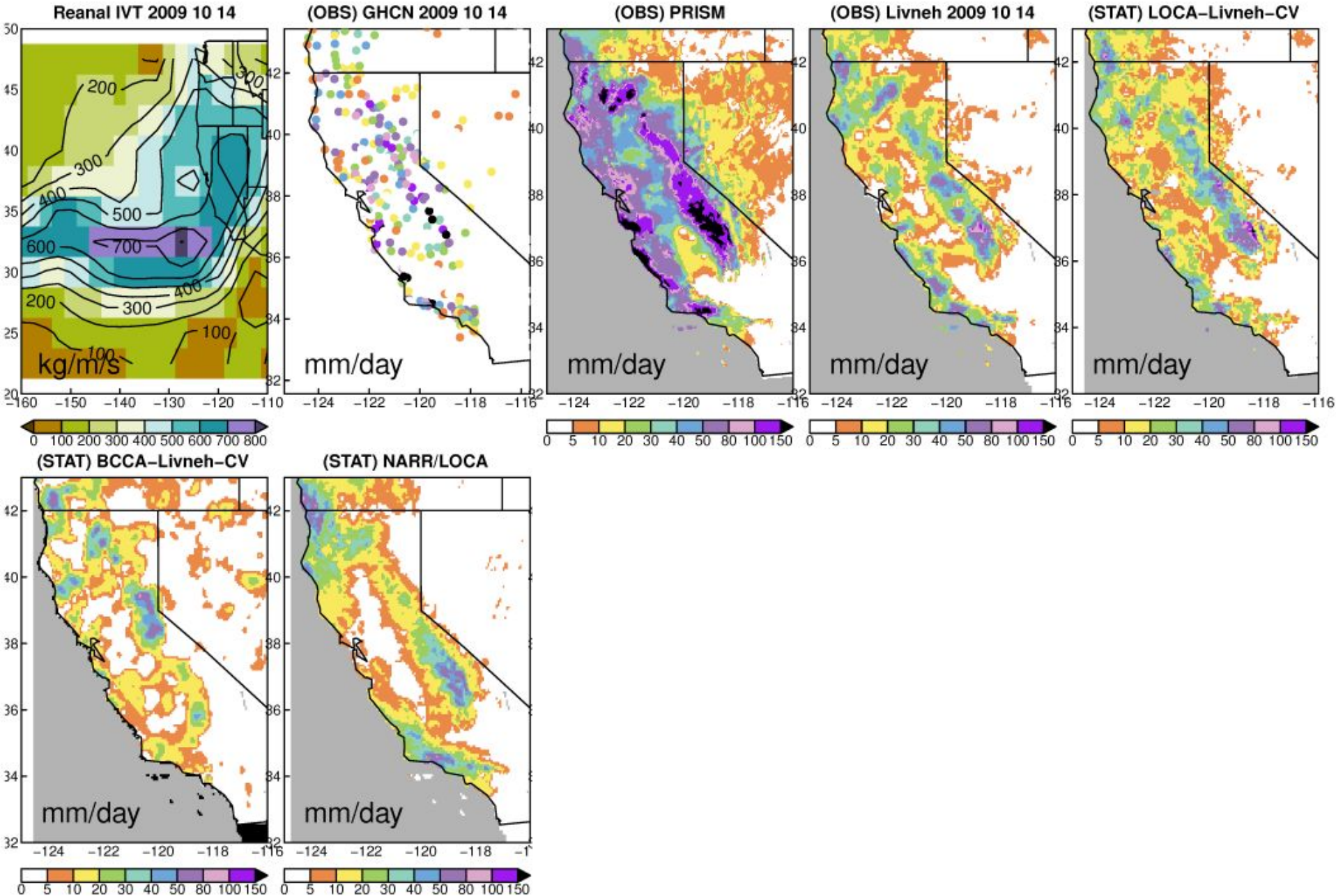
# One example: Oct 14, 2009



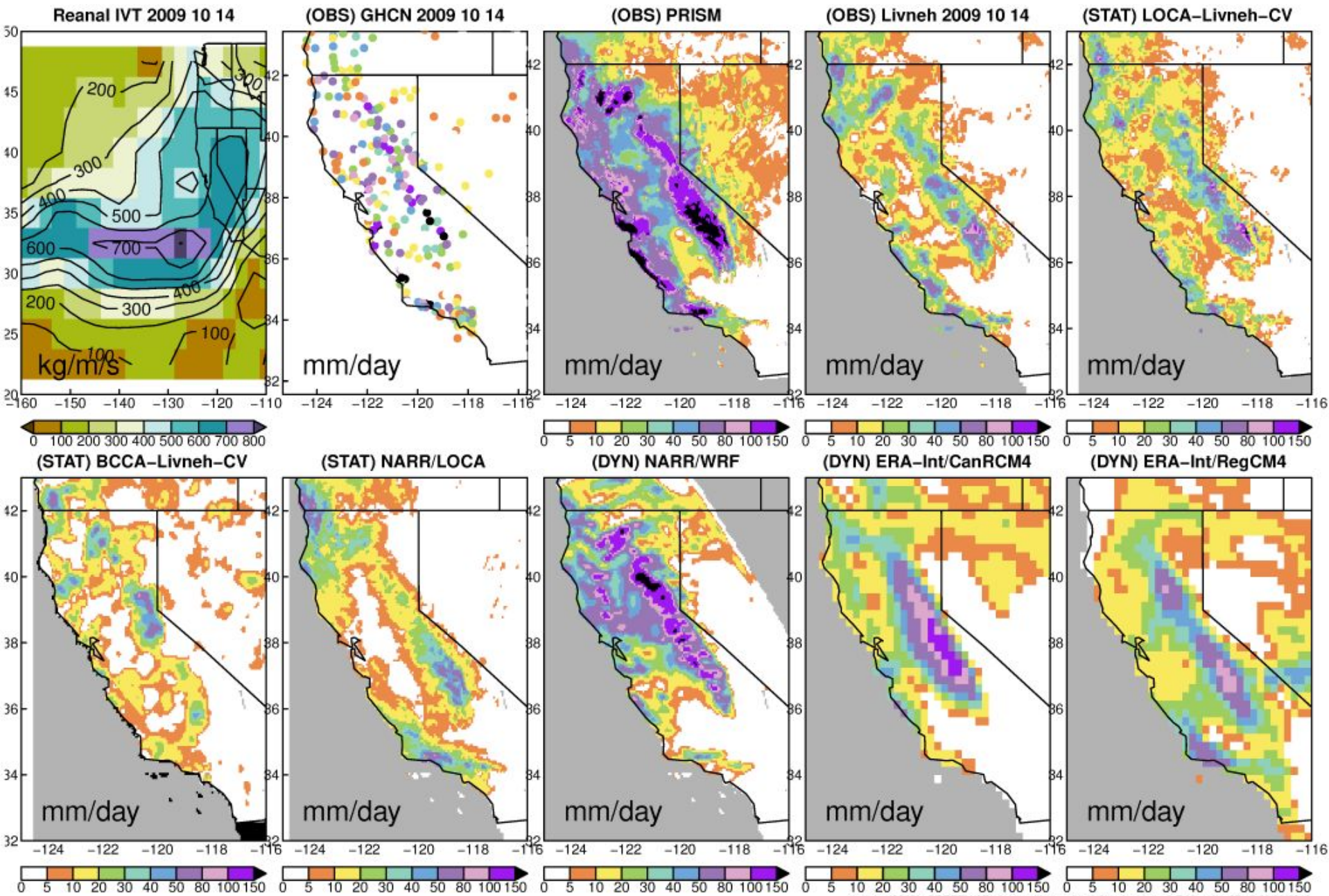
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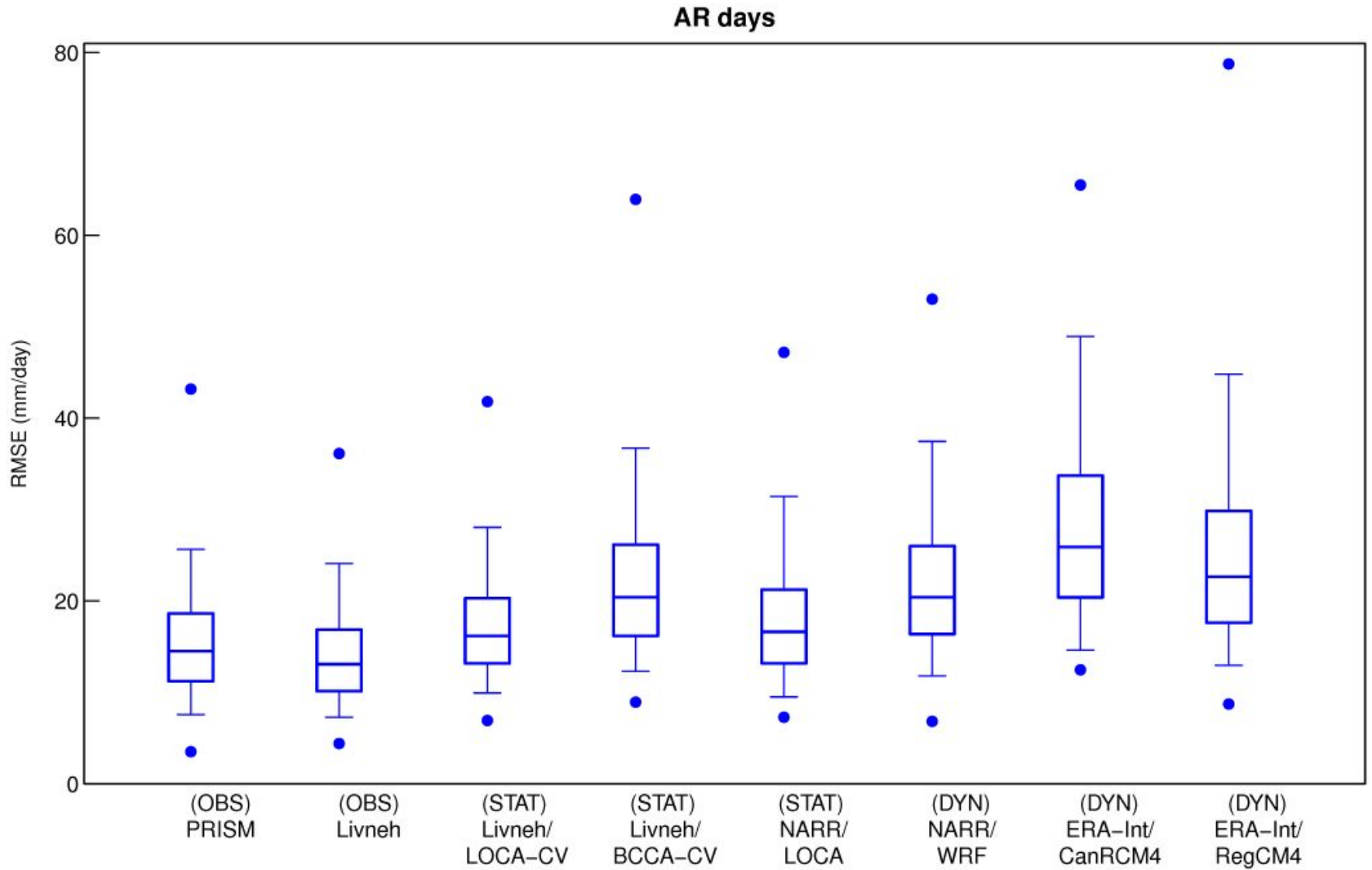


First way to look at it:

At each *day*, form RMSE across all stations (at matching grid cells)

Look at distribution of RMSE across all days

# Dist across all days of spatial RMSE (mm/day) w.r.t GHCN stations

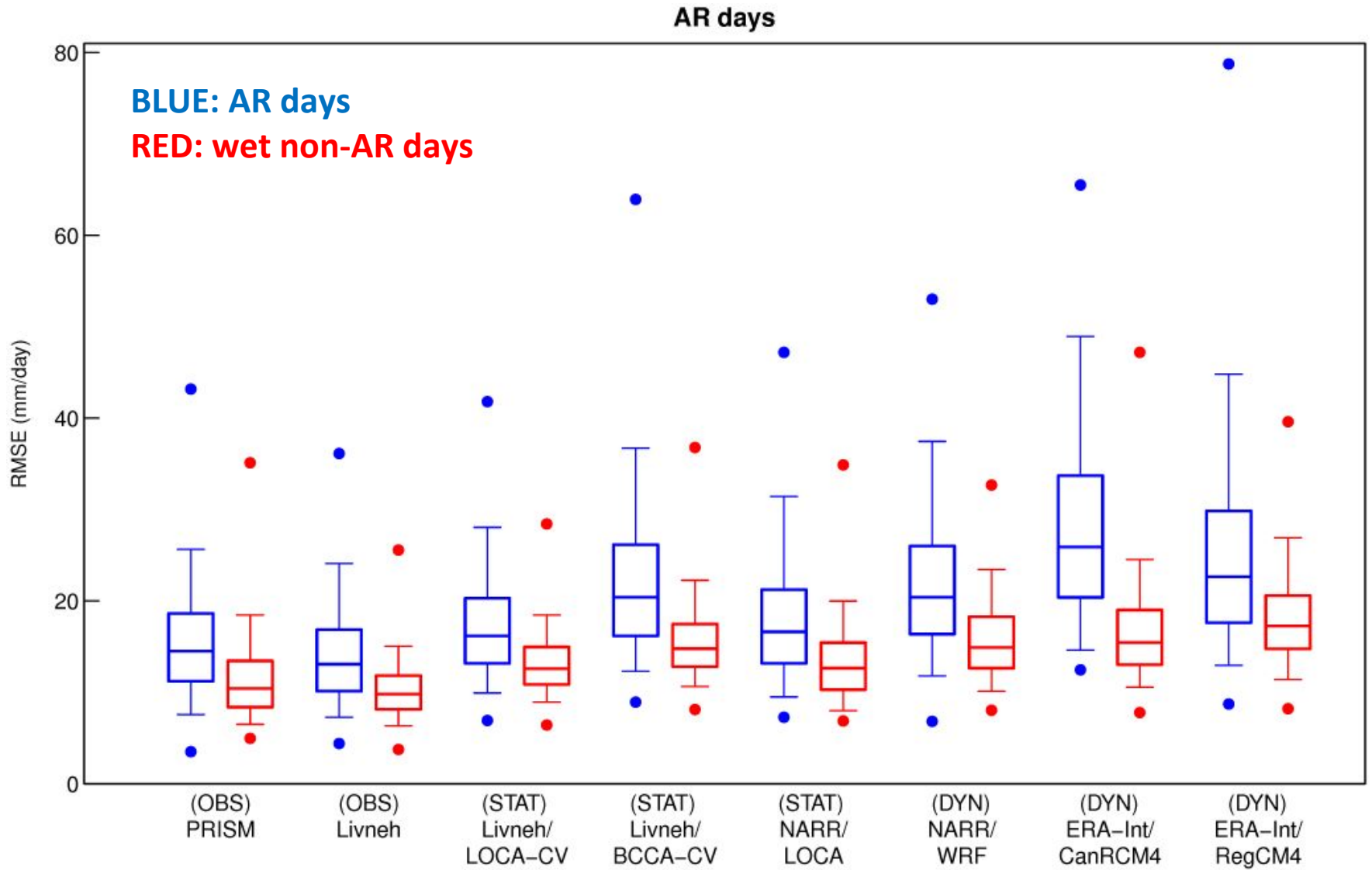


OBS: Observations

STAT: Statistical downscaling

DYN: Dynamical downscaling

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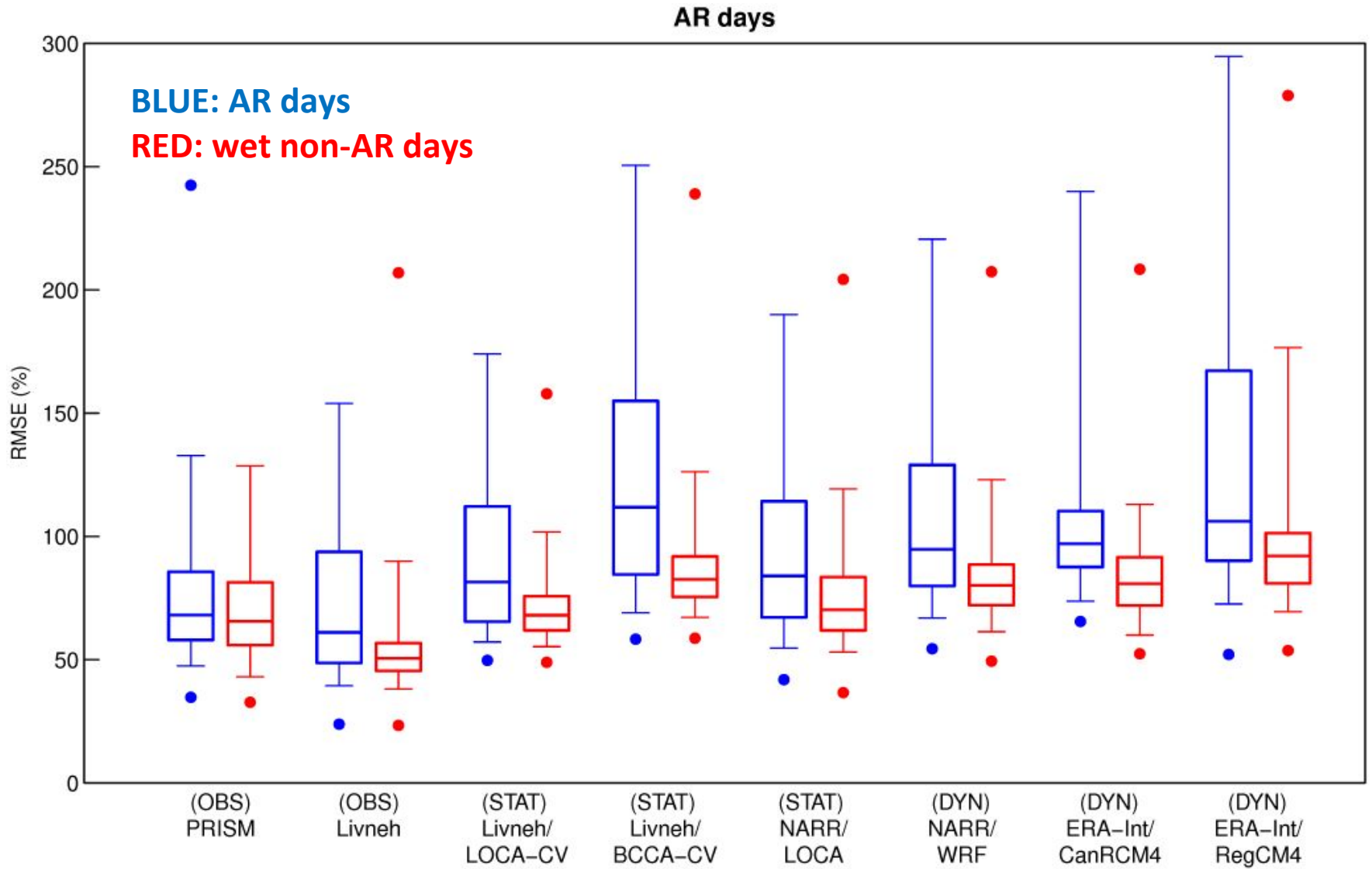
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# Dist across all days of spatial RMSE (mm/day) w.r.t GHCN stations



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STAT: Statistical downscaling

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Second way to look at it:

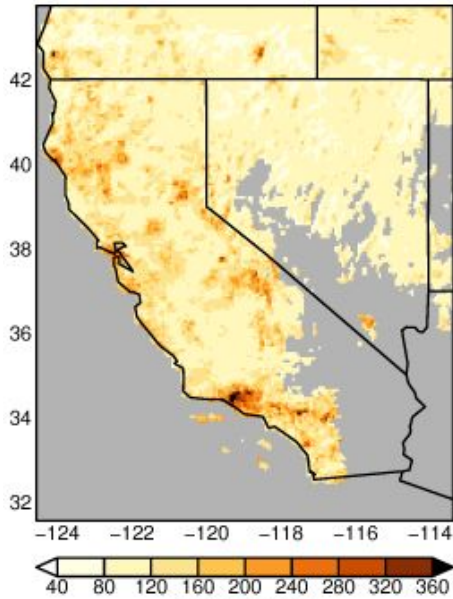
At each *gridcell*, form RMSE using time series of all  
AR (or non-AR) days

Look at maps of RMSE across domain

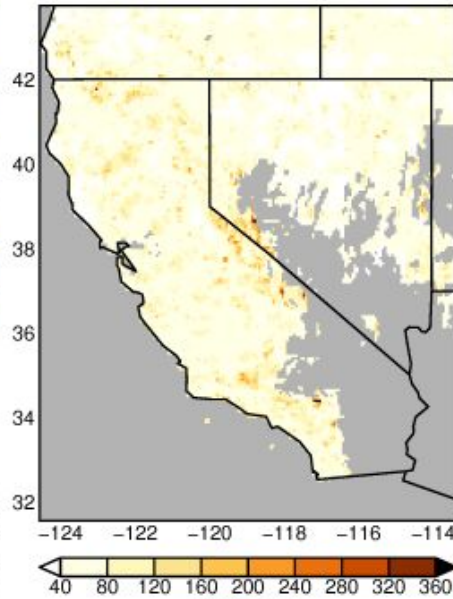
RMSE w.r.t. Livneh

# RMSE (%) at each location: AR days

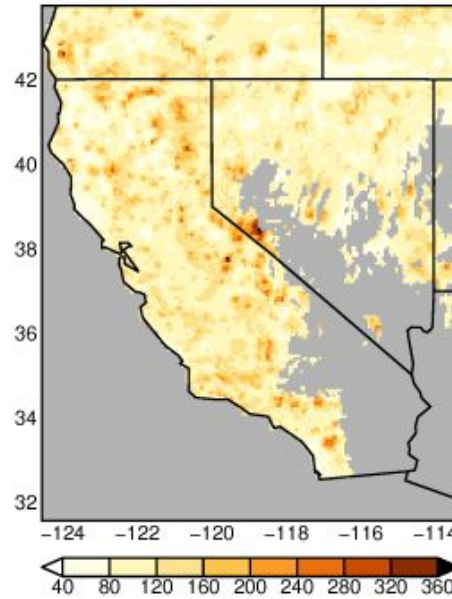
PRISM



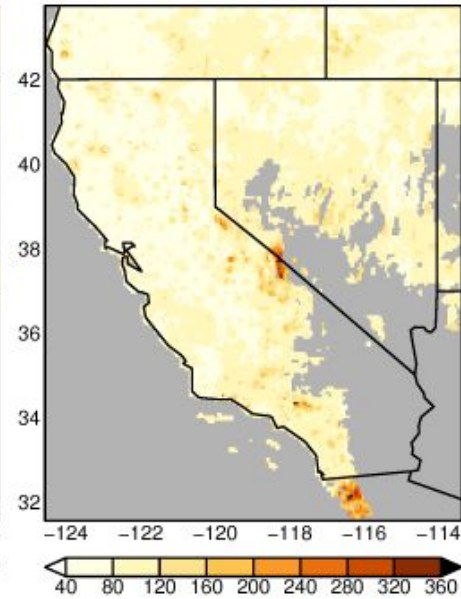
LOCA-CV



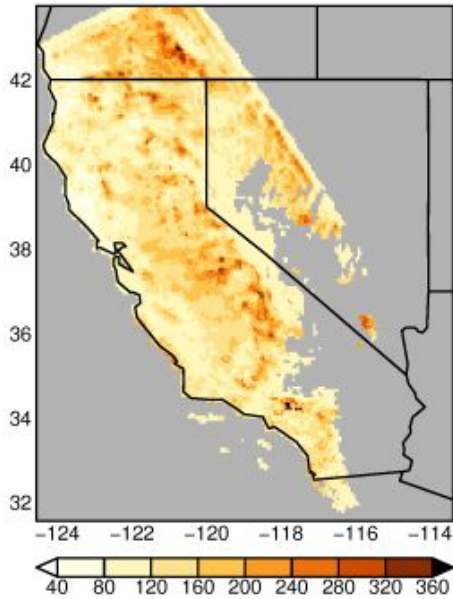
BCCA-CV



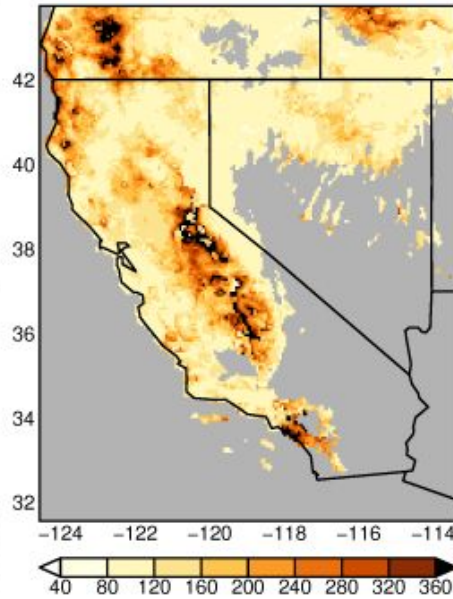
NARR/LOCA



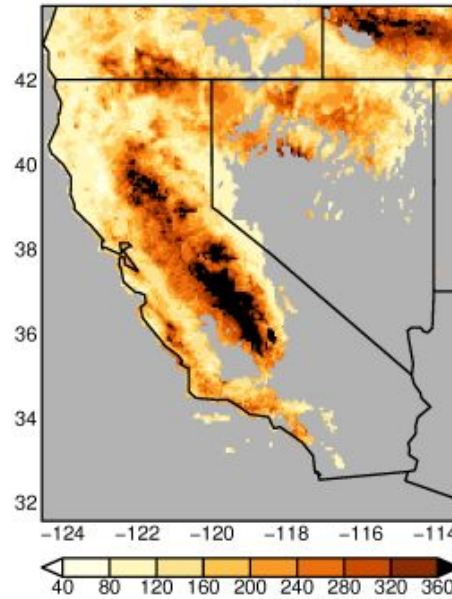
NARR/WRF



ERA/Can

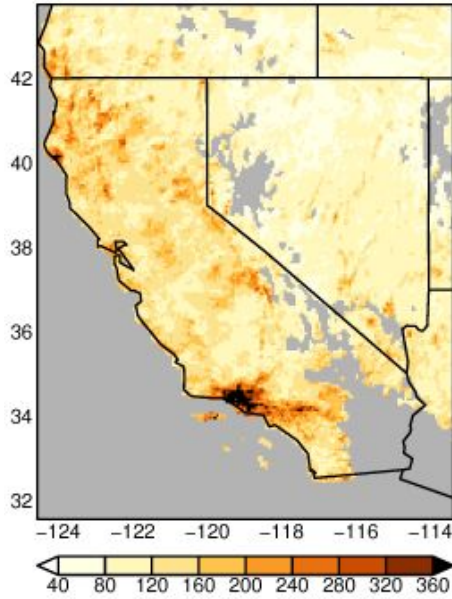


ERA/Reg

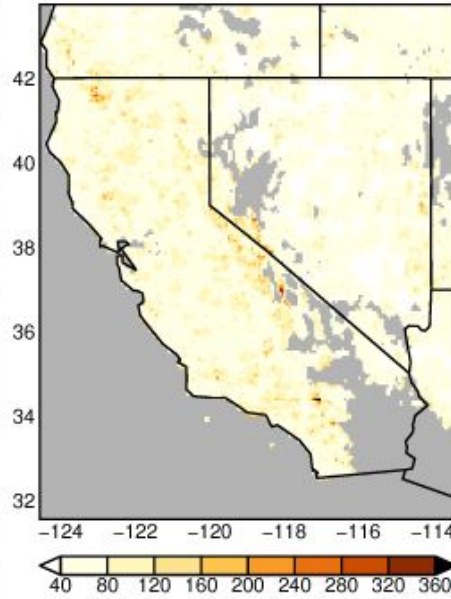


# RMSE (%) at each location: NON-AR days

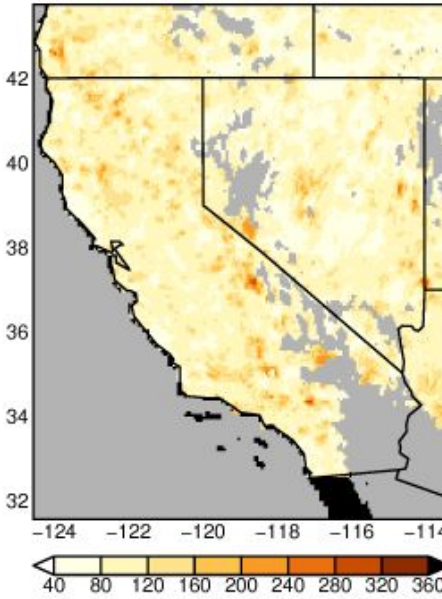
PRISM



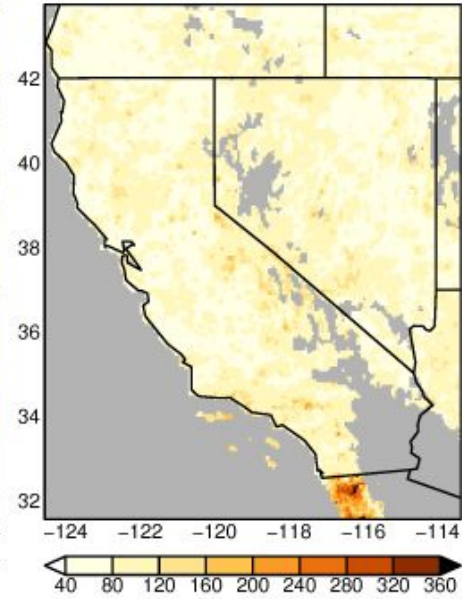
LOCA-CV



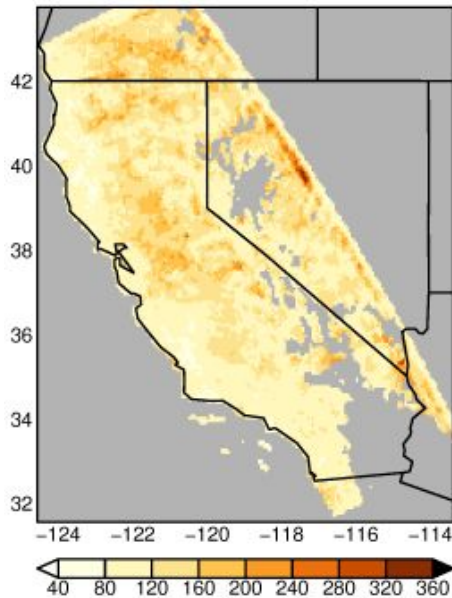
BCCA-CV



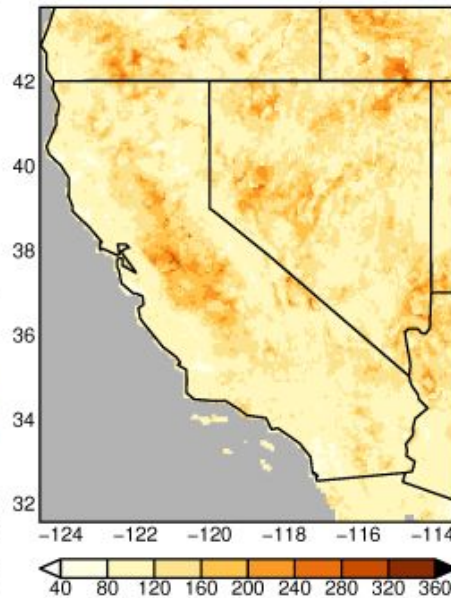
NARR/LOCA



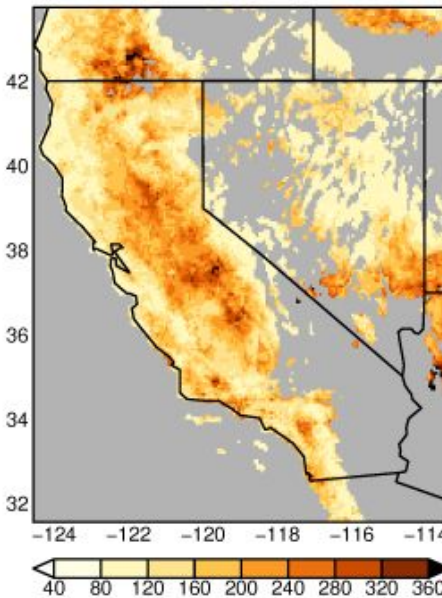
NARR/WRF



ERA/Can



ERA/Reg



# What about future changes?

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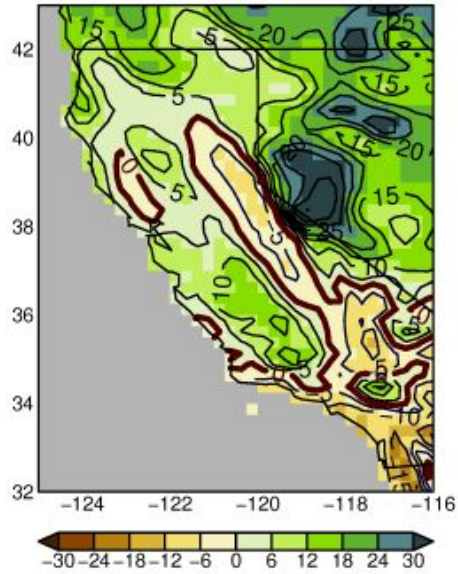
- Not to see what future change is, per se
- Not to see if different downscaling methods give different future change
- Rather: Do different downscaling methods *treat AR changes differently?*
- Only one model had multiple NA-CORDEX downscaling results AND an AR catalog available: GFDL-ESM2M

**Precip change (%), RCP 8.5 2070-2099 w.r.t. 1950-2005**

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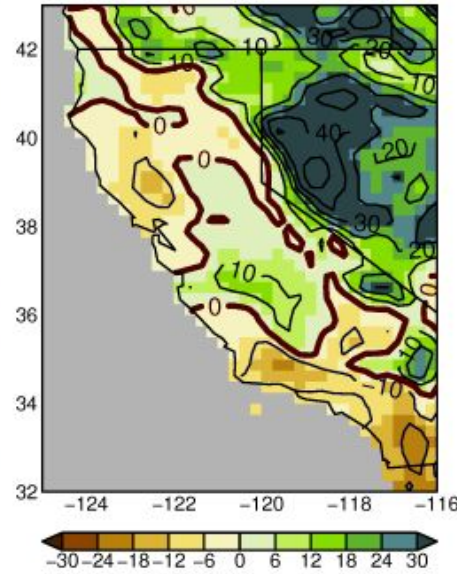
## RegCM4

### GFDL-ESM2M RegCM4 AR days



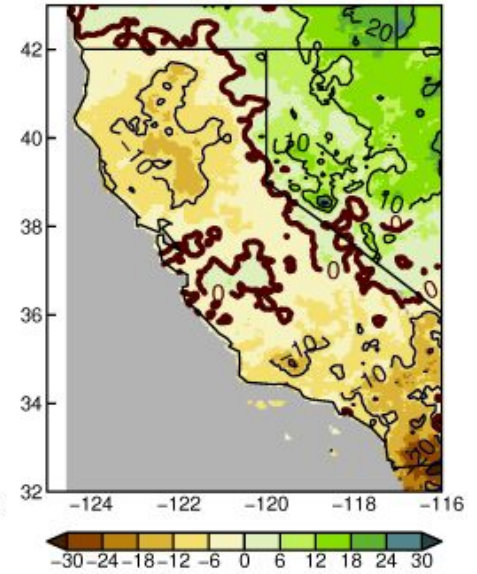
## WRF

### GFDL-ESM2M WRF AR days



## LOCA

### GFDL-ESM2M LOCA AR days



AR days

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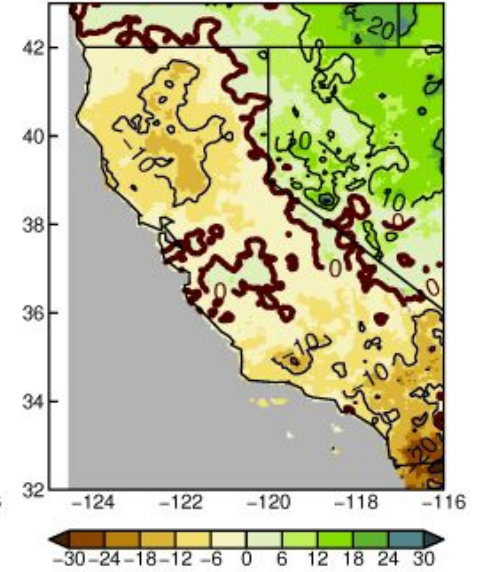
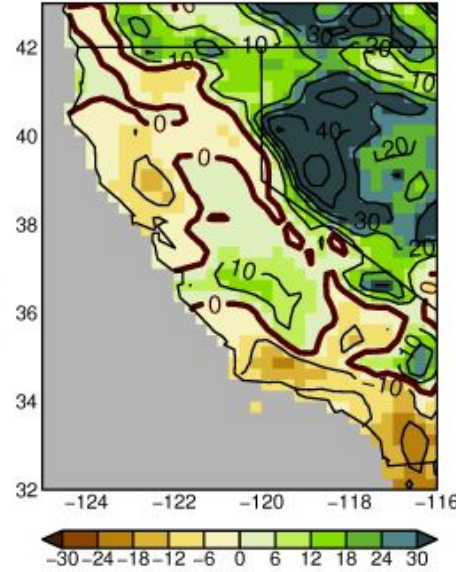
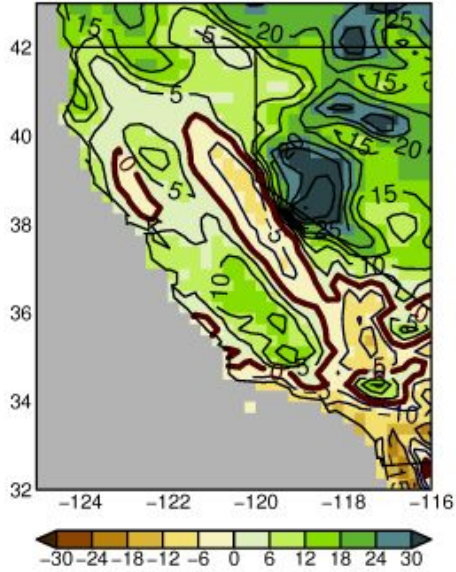
## WRF

## LOCA

GFDL-ESM2M RegCM4 AR days

GFDL-ESM2M WRF AR days

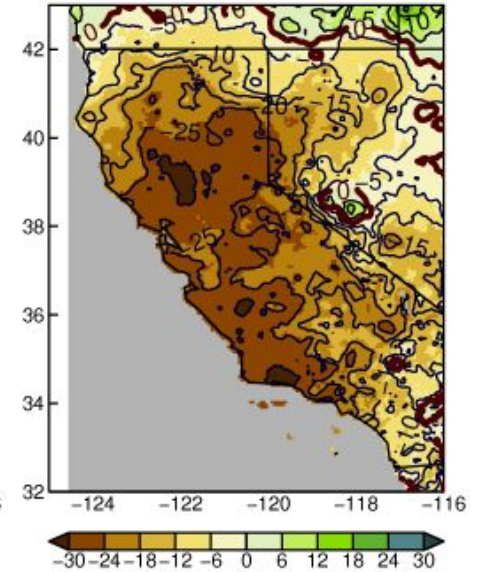
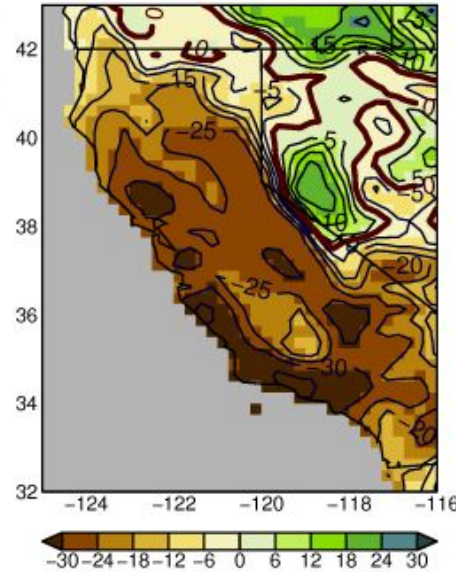
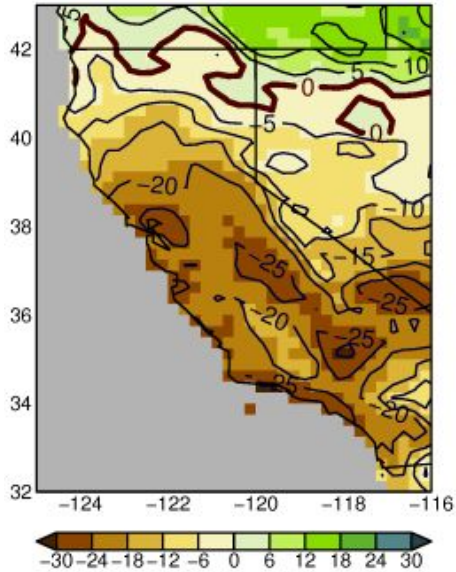
GFDL-ESM2M LOCA AR days



GFDL-ESM2M RegCM4 NON-AR days

GFDL-ESM2M WRF NON-AR days

GFDL-ESM2M LOCA NON-AR days



AR days

Wet non-AR days



# Conclusions

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- The obs (GHCN stations, Livneh, PRISM) don't agree that well (RMSE ~50%)
  - Livneh agrees with the stations better than PRISM
- AR days had larger RMS errors w.r.t. stations than (wet) non-AR days, even when evaluated as a percentage
- LOCA (cross-validated) does better than BCCA (cross-validated)
- The statistical methods do slightly better than the dynamical, but difference is modest
  - ERA-Int/RegCM4 does seem to be an outlier
- ERA-Int seems to have problems with ARs & the Sierra Nevada
- Only one example for future conditions (so far), but it shows:
  - d/s methods *disagree* on future changes for AR days
  - d/s methods *agree* on future changes for (wet) non-AR days