CW3E Atmospheric River Outlook: 1 February 2023

Multiple Atmospheric Rivers Forecast to Bring Precipitation to the US West Coast

- Two atmospheric rivers (ARs) are forecast to make landfall along the US West Coast over the next several days
- Impacts from these ARs are expected to be relatively minor due to weak upslope moisture flux
- An AR 2 (based on the Ralph et al. 2019 AR Scale) is currently forecast in southern coastal Oregon, where weak AR conditions may persist for more than 48 hours across both storms
- The NWS Weather Prediction Center is forecasting 2–4 inches of total precipitation in the Pacific Coast Ranges, Cascades, and Sierra Nevada during the next 5 days, with higher amounts possible in the Olympic Mountains
- Significant snowfall accumulations are possible in the Olympic Mountains and North Cascades during the first storm, as well as in the Sierra Nevada during the second storm
- Freezing levels in the Sierra Nevada are forecast to drop during the second AR, allowing for accumulating snowfall below 5,000 feet



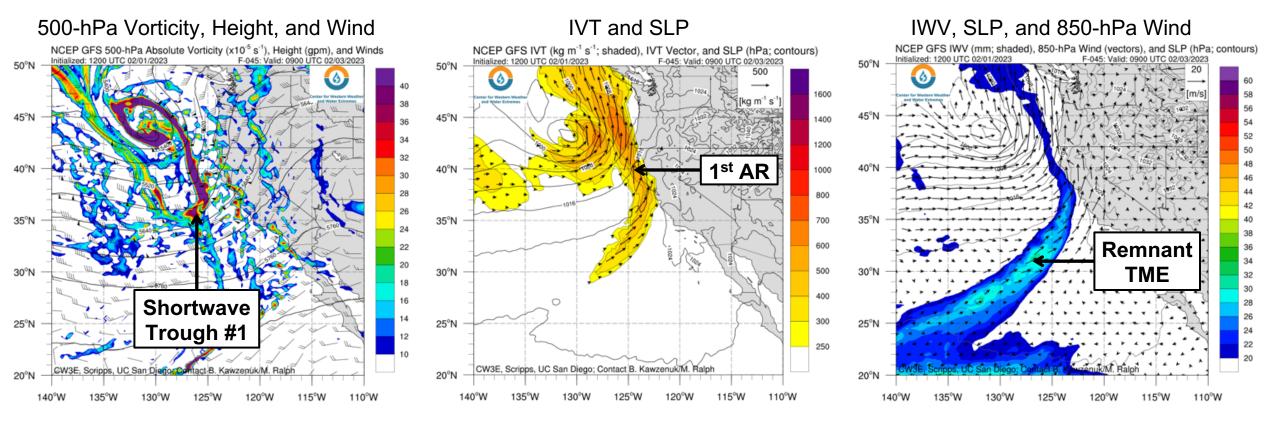


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AR Outlook: 1 February 2023

GFS Model Forecasts: Valid 1 AM PT 3 Feb (F-45)



- The first AR is forecast to make landfall late tomorrow night in association with a weakening upper-level shortwave trough and the remnants of a tropical moisture export (TME) originating near Hawaii
- This AR will be relatively weak upon landfall, with IVT magnitudes < 500 kg m⁻¹ s⁻¹ and IWV values around 20 mm along the coast of Northern California

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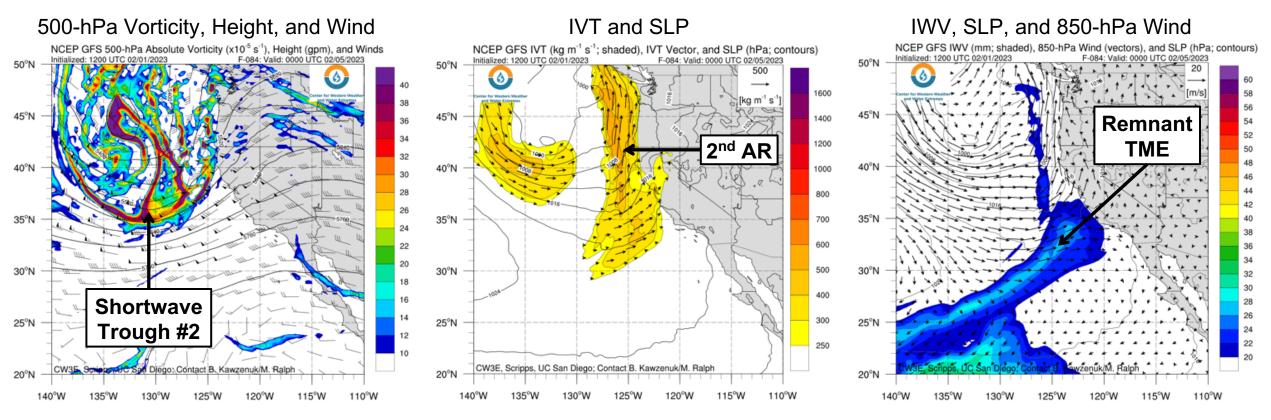
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• Southerly moisture transport and will likely limit precipitation totals in most areas, except for the Olympic Mountains



AR Outlook: 1 February 2023

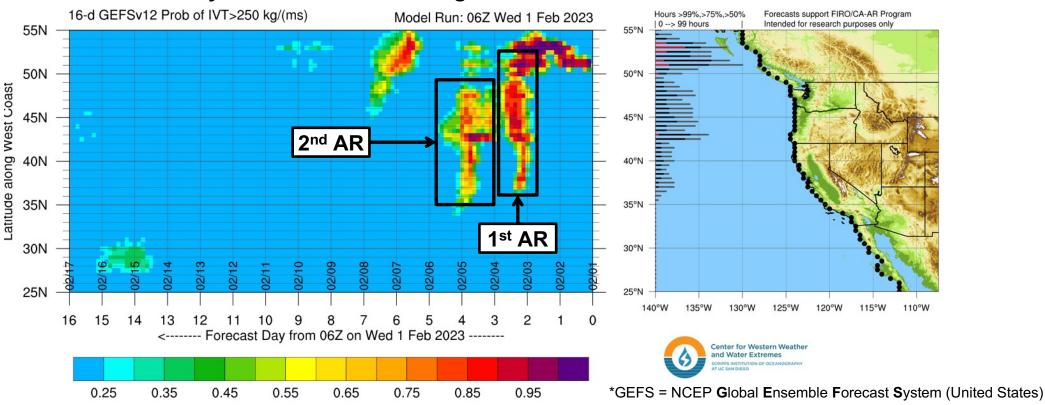
GFS Model Forecasts: Valid 4 PM PT 4 Feb (F-84)



- The second AR is forecast to make landfall on Saturday and bring another period of weak AR conditions (IVT < 500 kg m⁻¹ s⁻¹) to the US West Coast
- This storm is forecast to feature a more amplified shortwave trough off the California coast, which will likely support greater synoptic-scale forcing for ascent over interior Northern California







Probability of AR Conditions Along Coast

The 06Z GEFS is showing moderate-to-high confidence (60–90% probability) in two periods of AR conditions (IVT > 250 kg m⁻¹ s⁻¹) along the US West Coast in association with these ARs

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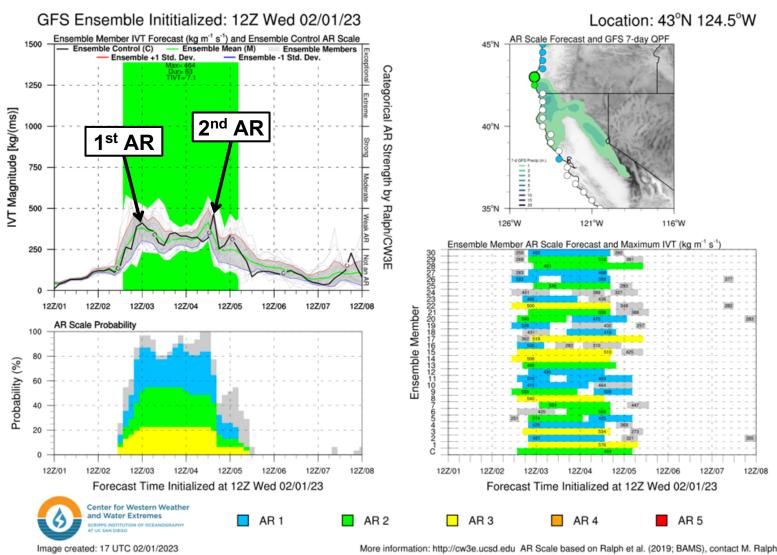
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- There is more forecast uncertainty regarding the timing, duration, and location of the second AR landfall
- The 06Z GEFS is suggesting a prolonged period of little-to-no landfalling AR activity after the second AR



GEFS AR Scale and IVT Forecasts



- The 12Z GEFS control is forecasting an AR 2 over southern coastal Oregon due to a prolonged period of AR conditions spanning both ARs
- 18/31 (58%) ensemble members are predicting an AR 2 or an AR 3 at 43°N, 124.5°W
- 10/31 (32%) ensemble members are predicting AR conditions to persist for at least consecutive 48 hours at this location
- There is still considerable forecast uncertainty in the timing and duration of AR conditions

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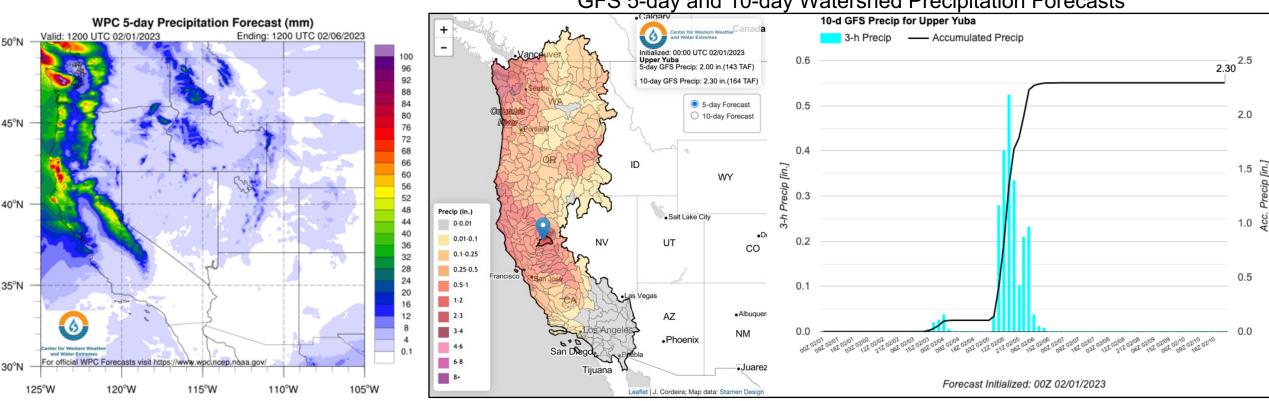
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Precipitation Forecasts





GFS 5-day and 10-day Watershed Precipitation Forecasts

- These two storms are forecast to produce 2–4 inches of total precipitation in the Pacific Coast Ranges, Cascades, and Northern Sierra Nevada, with higher amounts possible in the Olympic Mountains
- The 00Z deterministic GFS is forecasting 2 inches of watershed mean precipitation in the Upper Yuba watershed during the next 5 days, with nearly all of this precipitation occurring during the second storm

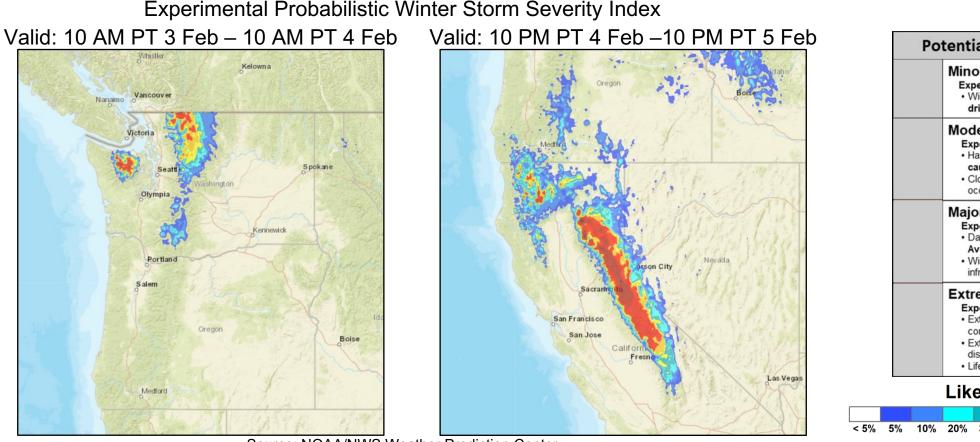




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Winter Weather Hazards





Potential Winter Storm Impacts Minor Impacts Expect a few inconveniences to daily life. Winter driving conditions. Use caution while driving. Moderate Impacts Expect disruptions to daily life. Hazardous driving conditions. Use extra caution while driving. · Closures and disruptions to infrastructure may occur Major Impacts Expect considerable disruptions to daily life. Dangerous or impossible driving conditions. Avoid travel if possible. · Widespread closures and disruptions to infrastructure may occur. Extreme Impacts Expect substantial disruptions to daily life. Extremely dangerous or impossible driving conditions. Travel is not advised. · Extensive and widespread closures and disruptions to infrastructure may occur. Life-saving actions may be needed. Likelihood of Impact 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% > 95%

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Source: NOAA/NWS Weather Prediction Center

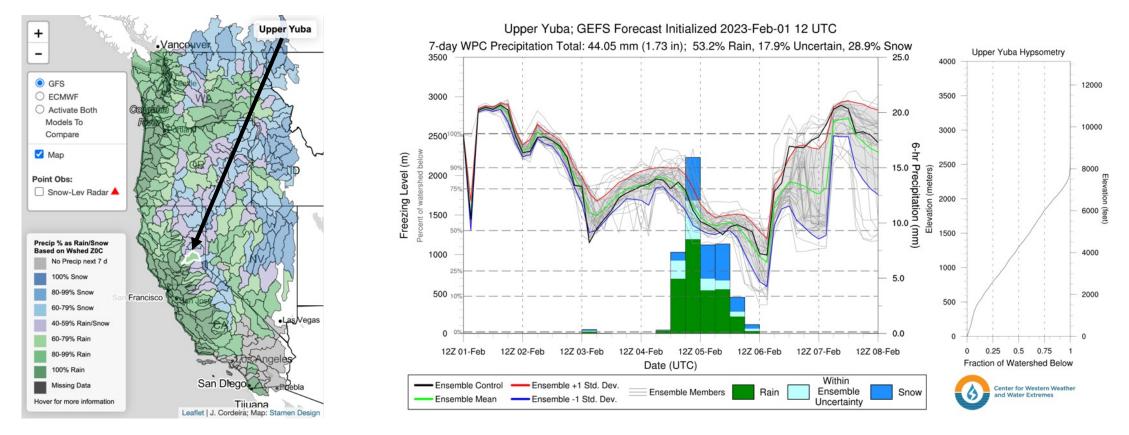
- The NWS Weather Prediction Center is forecasting a greater than 60% probability of moderate winter storm impacts (i.e., hazardous travel conditions, disruptions to infrastructure) in the Olympic Mountains and North Cascades during the first storm
- There is a greater than 70% likelihood of moderate winter storm impacts in the Sierra Nevada during the second storm





AR Outlook: 1 February 2023

Watershed Freezing Level Forecasts



- Freezing levels in the Northern Sierra Nevada are forecast to steadily drop during the second AR, allowing for accumulating snowfall below 5,000 ft
- The CW3E watershed freezing level tool is forecasting 29% of the total precipitation over the next 7 days to fall in the form of snow in the Upper Yuba Watershed

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