

27 Aug 2018



TEMPERATURES



Temperature Projected to Rise Substantially

under plausible future greenhouse gas emissions

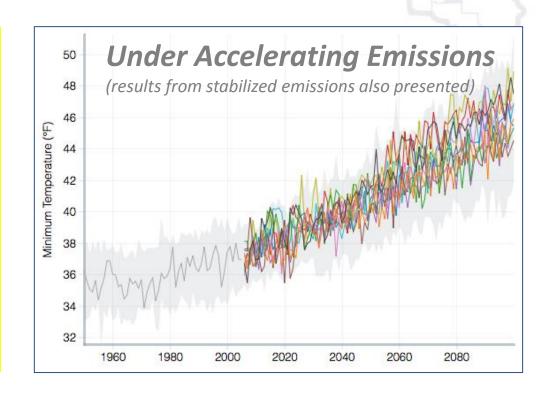
BY 2100

AVERAGE ANNUAL TEMPERATURES

ARE PROJECTED TO

INCREASE BY

 $6 - 9^{\circ} F$





ENHANCED HYDROCLIMATIC



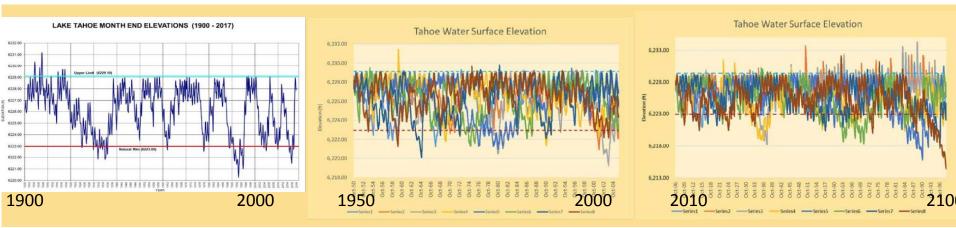
- More extreme weather/climate
- More frequent droughts

- Drought-flood whiplash
- Water stress & weakened forests

Observed & Projected Lake Tahoe Levels

Observed Historical Simulated Historical Fu

Future—Business as Usual







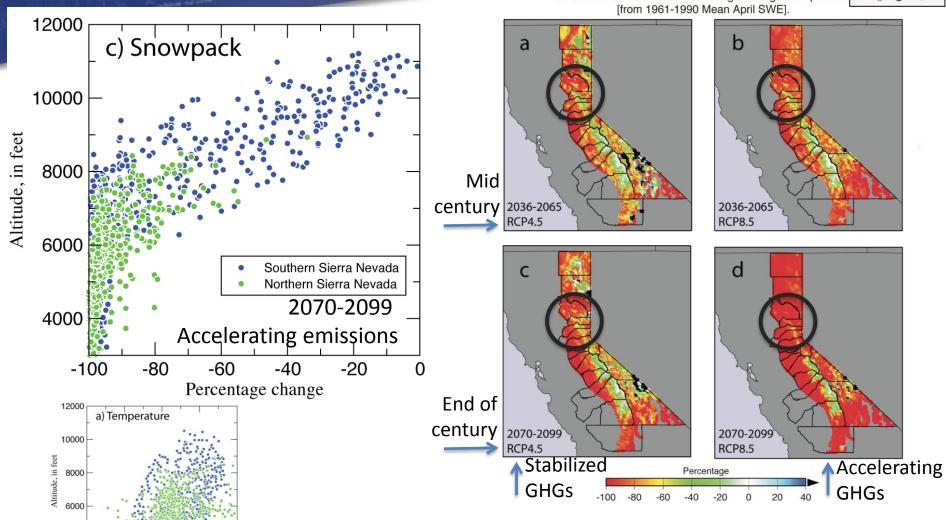
4000

degrees Fahrenheit

SNOWPACK CHANGE



10-GCM Ensemble-Mean Percentage Changes in April SWE [from 1961-1990 Mean April SWE].



Changes in snow-water content projected for 2036-2065 (a, b) and 2070-2099 (c, d), under two greenhouse-gas concentration pathways into the future.

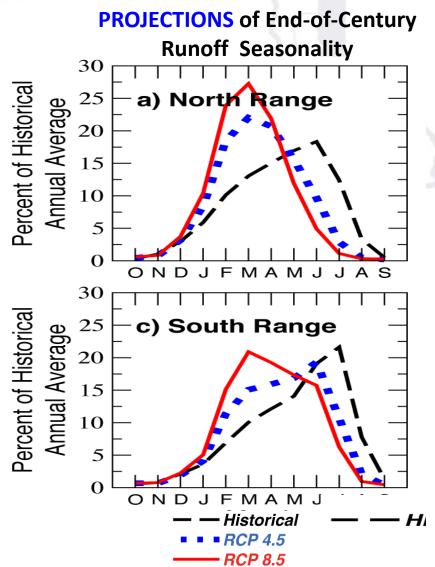


SURFACE-WATER CHANGE

Water-Year Runoff Totals by 2071-2099 (as percents of 1961-1990 norms ± 1 std deviation)

Subregion	RCP4.5	RCP8.5
North Range	103±17%	107±26%
South Range	100±20%	105±36%

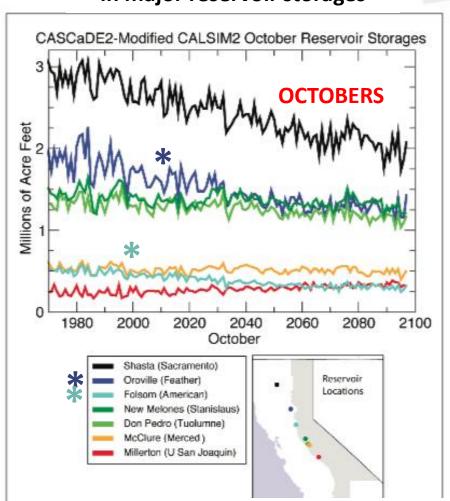
10-climate-model averages ± std dev



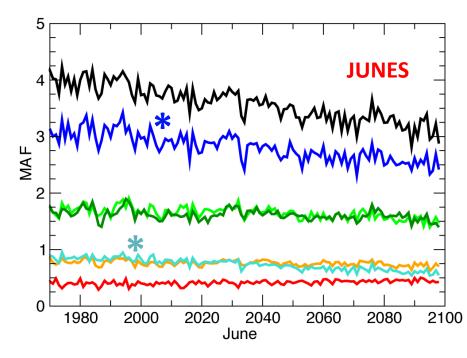




20-projection average changes in major reservoir storages



 Direct climate impacts on region's water supplies, surface-waters, groundwaters, water quality and demands



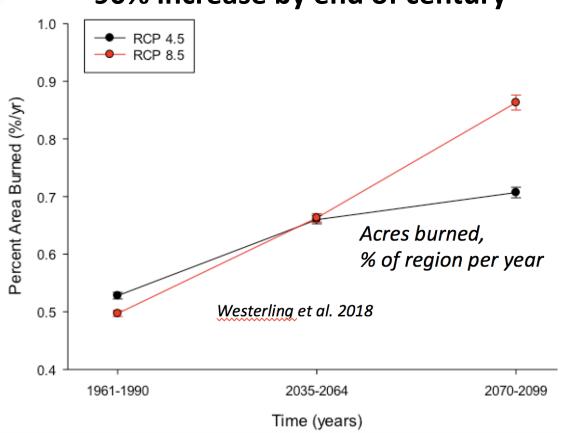
http://www.climateassessment.ca.gov/regions/docs/20180827-SierraNevada.pdf



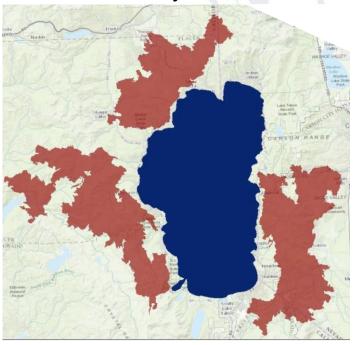
WILDFIRE!



Acreages burned PER YEAR → 50% to 90% increase by end of century



Size of three major fires in 2018



h/t Chris Anthony, CALFIRE



COMMUNITIES

Impacts on Sierra Nevada Communities

12 of 20 Sierra Nevada counties are rated Disadvantaged or Economically Distressed (122 disadvantaged communities)

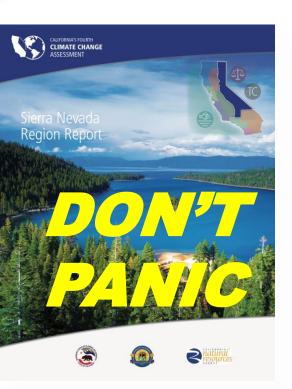
Many forest dependent communities have lagged behind their urban counterparts in recovery from the 2008-2009 recession and have a reduced capacity to respond to economic and ecological changes that climate change is bringing.

Agriculture dependent communities are especially dependent on stable water supplies and reliable weather and are vulnerable to droughts and floods.

h/t Kusel & Miller, Sierra Institute **Tourism dependent communities** depend on snowpack, stream and lake conditions, and forest health; wildfire can be particularly devastating.



ADAPTATION EFFORTS are already underway



BUT THE REPORT ISN'T JUST BAD NEWS

- Sierra Nevada Watershed Imprvmt Program
- French Meadows Forest Restoration Project
- Tahoe Climate Adaptation Plan
- Lake Tahoe West Restoration Partnership
- Tahoe Central Sierra Initiative
- Sierra Meadows Partnership
- Native Youth Conservation Corps
- Integrated Regional Water Mgmt Program
- Sustainable Groundwater Mgmt Act
- Fire MOU Partnership
- Climate-Smart Land Trusts
- Climate-Smart Land Management

Climate Change & FIRO

Lake Mendocino

- Warmer, greater evaporative demands
- More dry days at expense of small to large storms
- Enhanced very-large/AR storms
 - → FIRO increases capacity to accommodate these kinds of changes

Yuba-Feather (Sierra Nevada)

All of that, plus...

- Extra warming at higher altitudes
- Loss of snowpack & effective loss of much other storage
- More & floodier winter streamflow
- Drier summer landscapes
- More wildfire, with resulting changes to watershed properties
- Struggling local communities and economies
 - → Performance-of/demands-on FIRO likely change at basic levels

Y-F FIRO "manual" should be flexible enough to accommodate changing watersheds IN ADDITION TO changing forecast capabilities

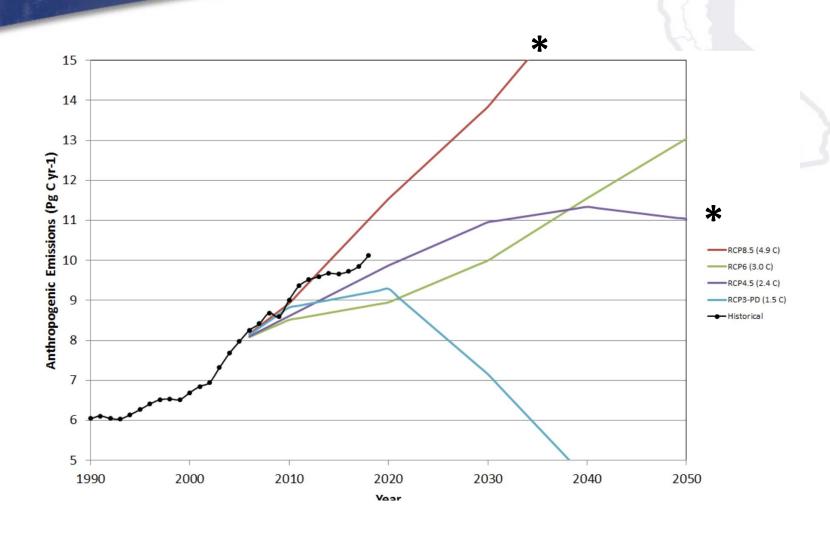




SO...How is (Sierra) FIRO going to handle these climate-change changes?

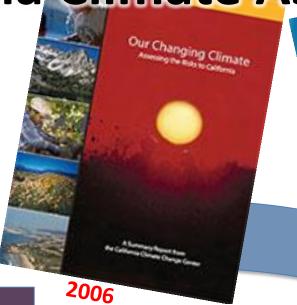
And one last time, the url for the Sierra Nevada report is www.ClimateAssessment.ca.gov

GHG Emissions Scenarios



California Climate Assessments

• Executive Order S-3-05, from Schwarzenegger (June 2005) → preparation of regular assessments of the science



California
Climate Scenarios
Assessment

Assessment

2008/9
(Sectors/ad aptation focus > 2009
Climate Adaptation Strategy)

(Impacts focus > AB32)

CLIMATE CHANGE
ASSESSMENT

Statewide
Summary Report

2018 (Topical & regions scales → Implementation of AB2800 → getting down to action)



2012

(Focus on vulnerabilities of natural & human systems)