

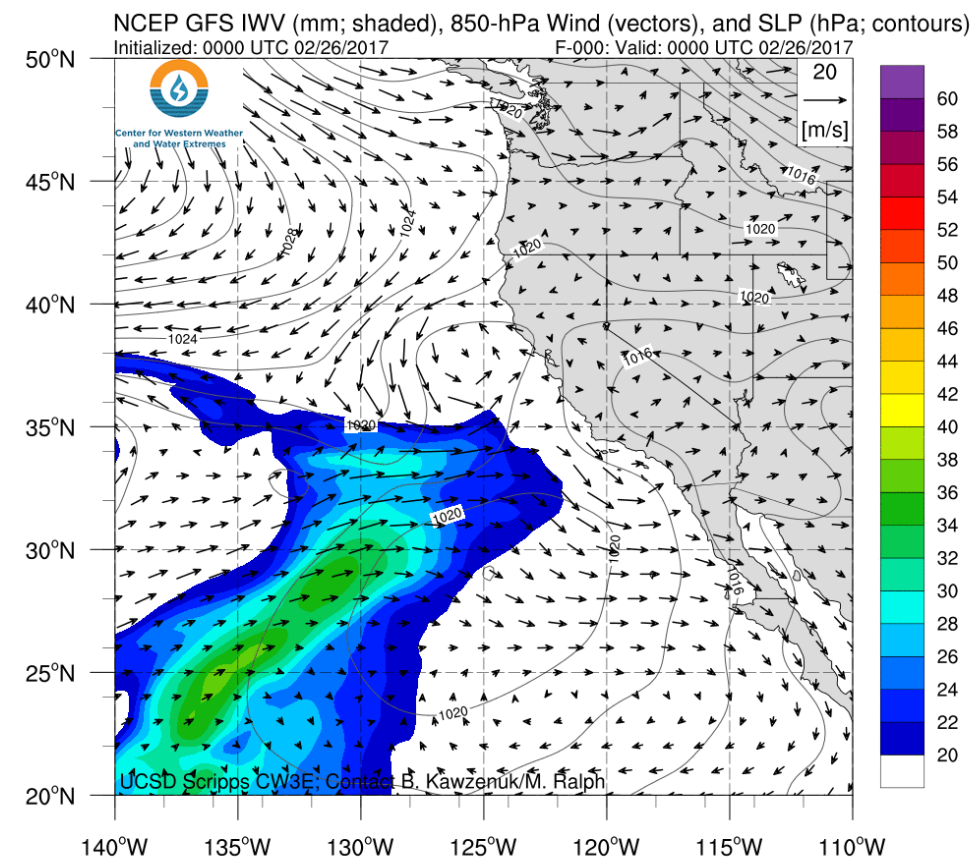
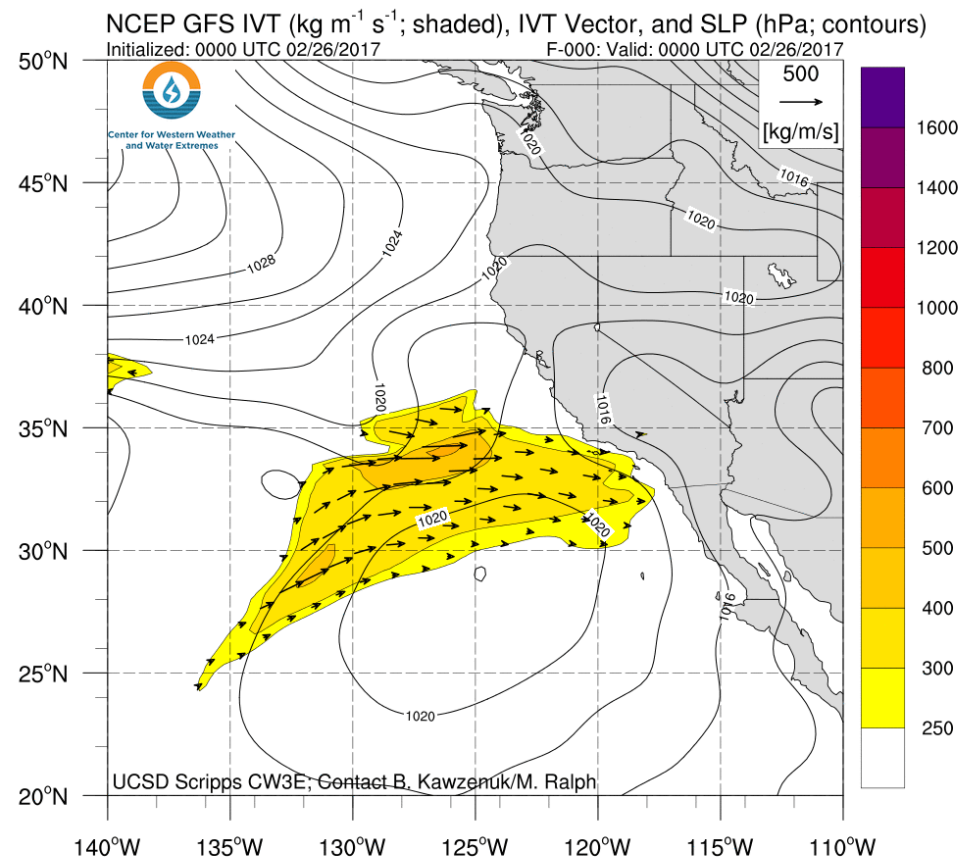
CW3E Update: Post Event Summary and Outlook



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Summary of the ARs that impacted the West Coast over the Past Week

- Landfalling AR brought weak-to-moderate AR conditions to portions of Southern CA for ~24 hours between 27 and 28 February
- >6 inches of precipitation fell over the high elevations of San Diego County with lower elevations receiving 1.5–4 in.
- The San Diego River rose to ~14.15 feet at 2 am 28 Feb, 2.8 feet above flood stage, and the 3rd highest peak all time
- The heavy precipitation led to several road closures, multiple mudslides, hotel evacuations, and flooded businesses



AR Summary: 28 February 2017

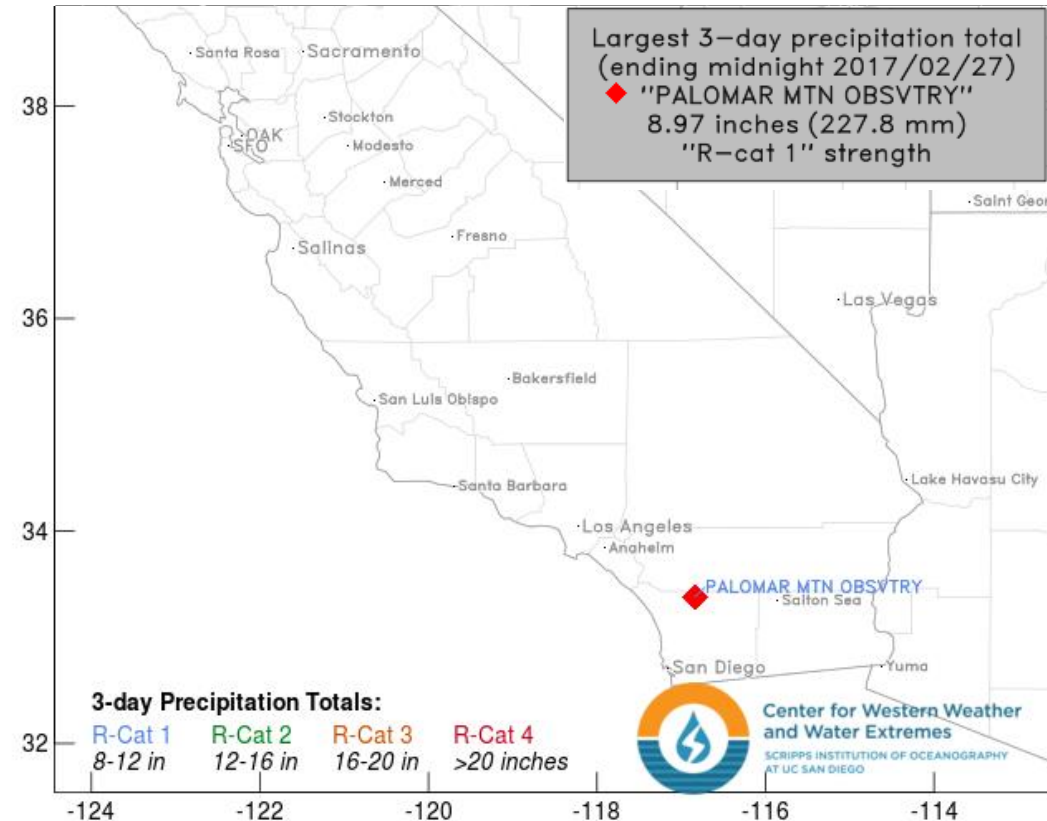
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R-Cat report produced 2017/02/28 03:32



Rainfall Category (R-Cat) was developed to identify and compare extreme precipitation using 3-day precipitation accumulations from rain gauges across the U.S. (Ralph and Dettinger 2012)

R-Cat 1: 200-299 mm (roughly 8-12 inches) / 3 days

R-Cat 2: 300-399 mm (roughly 12-16 inches) / 3 days

R-Cat 3: 400-499 mm (roughly 16-20 inches) / 3 days

R-Cat 4: >500 mm (more than roughly 20 inches) / 3 days

From 12 AM PST 26 to 12 AM PST 28 February, the rain gauge at Palomar Mountain Observatory experienced an extreme precipitation event of R-Cat 1 magnitude, receiving 227.8 mm (~9 inches), which fell mostly during the past 24 hours

To subscribe to this automated CW3E R-Cat Extreme Precipitation Alert via email: just email a message with subject "subscribe" to rcatalert@cirrus.ucsd.edu.

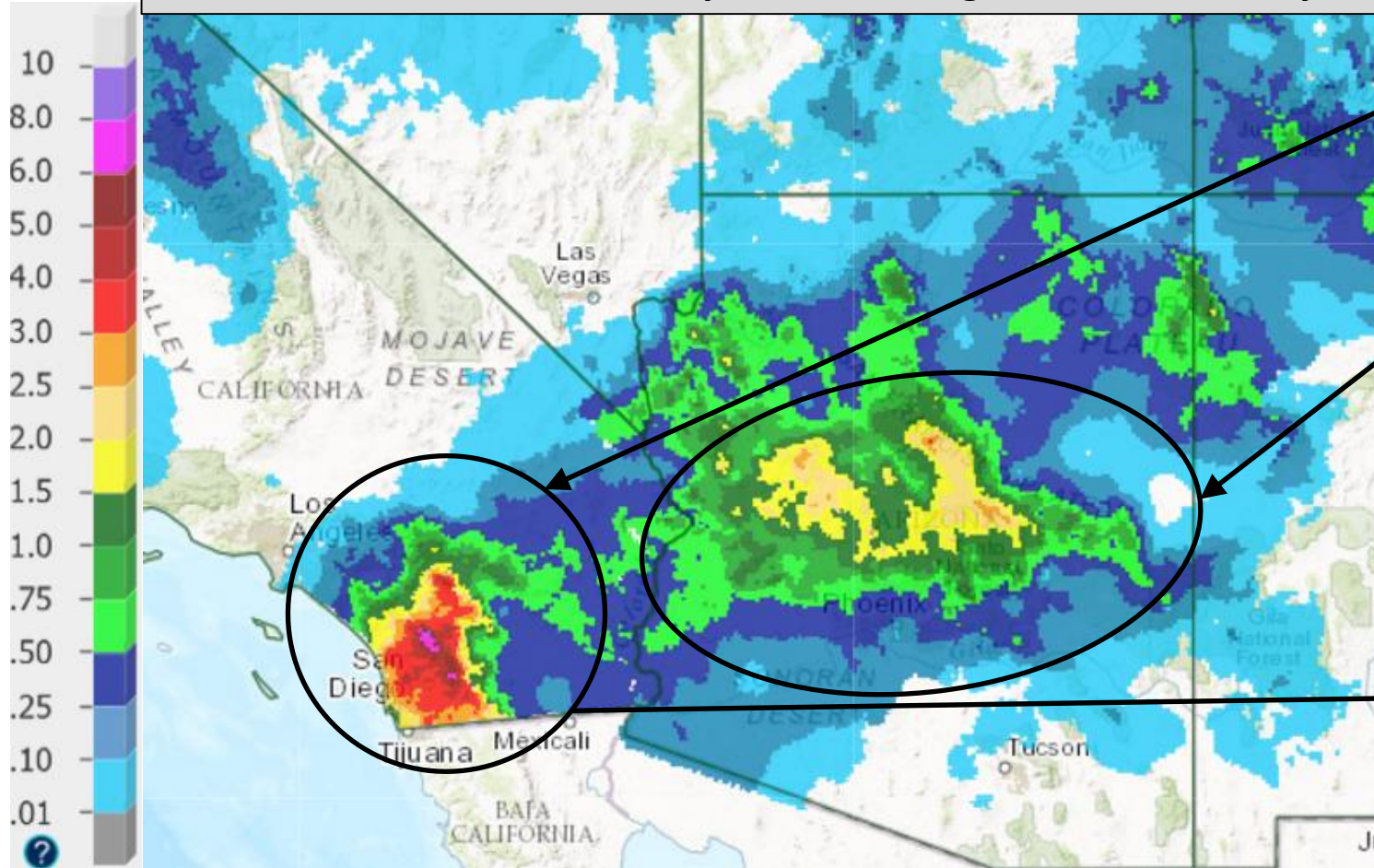
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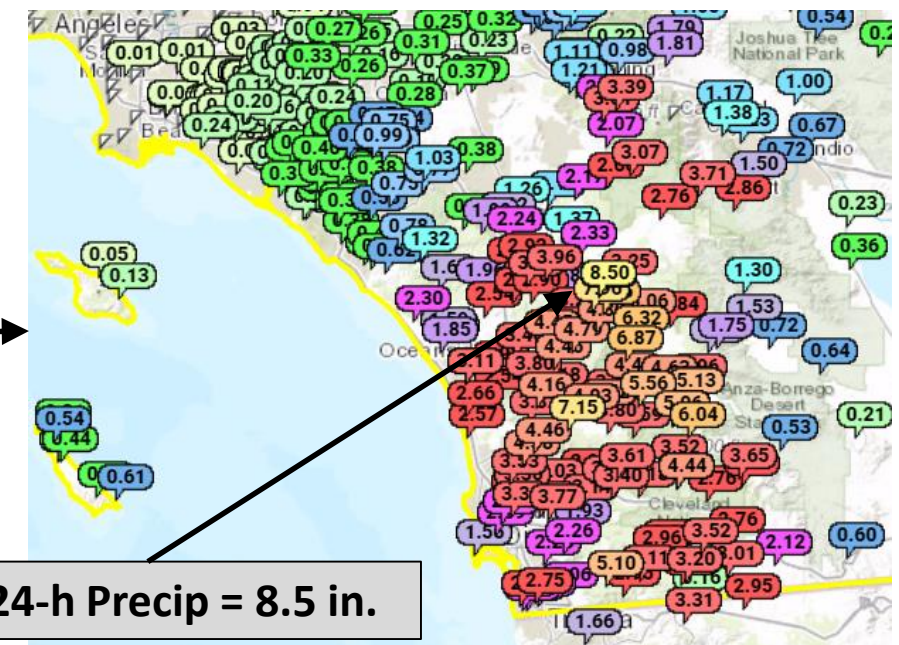
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24 hour Accumulated Precipitation Ending 4 AM 28 February



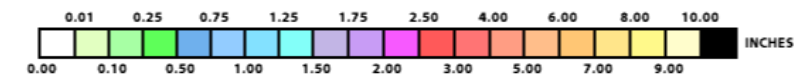
Over the last 24 hours, the high elevations of Southern CA received >6 inches of precipitation, while lower elevations received 1.5–4 inches

Further inland, portions of Arizona received .5–4 inches of 24 hour accumulated precipitation



For official NOAA-NWS observed precipitation see water.weather.gov or cnrfc.noaa.gov

Maximum Observed 24-h Precip = 8.5 in.



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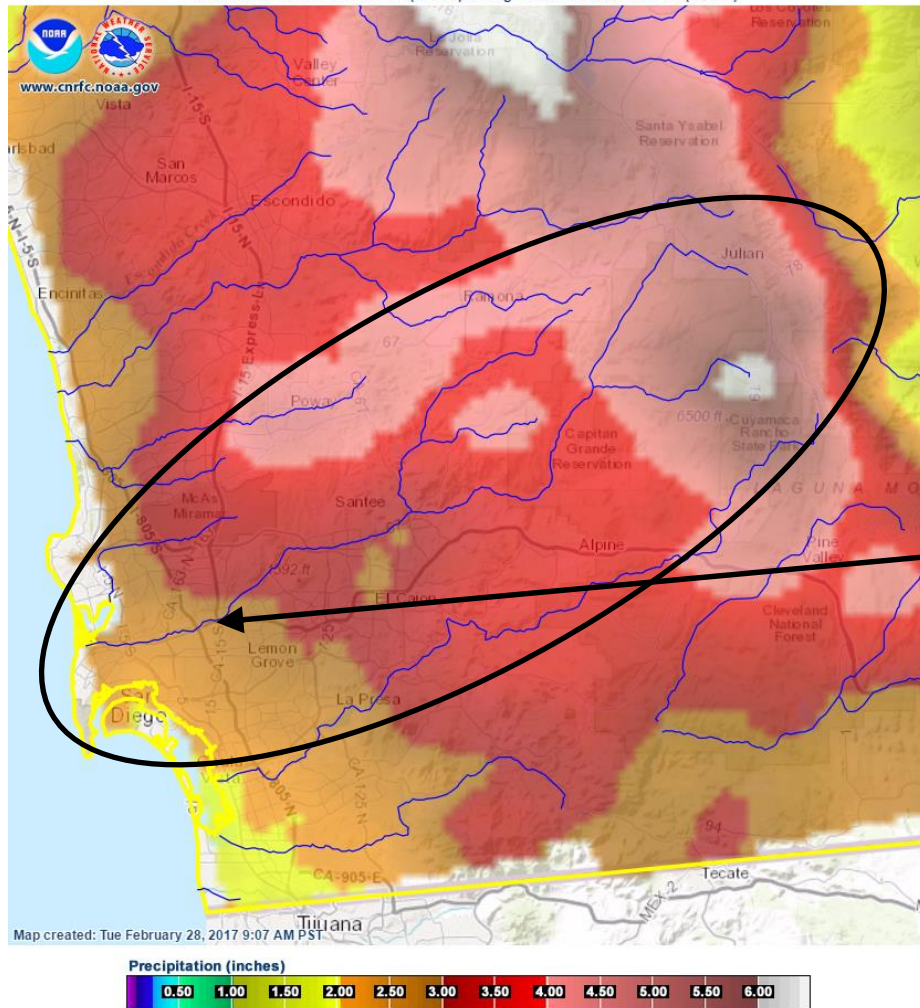


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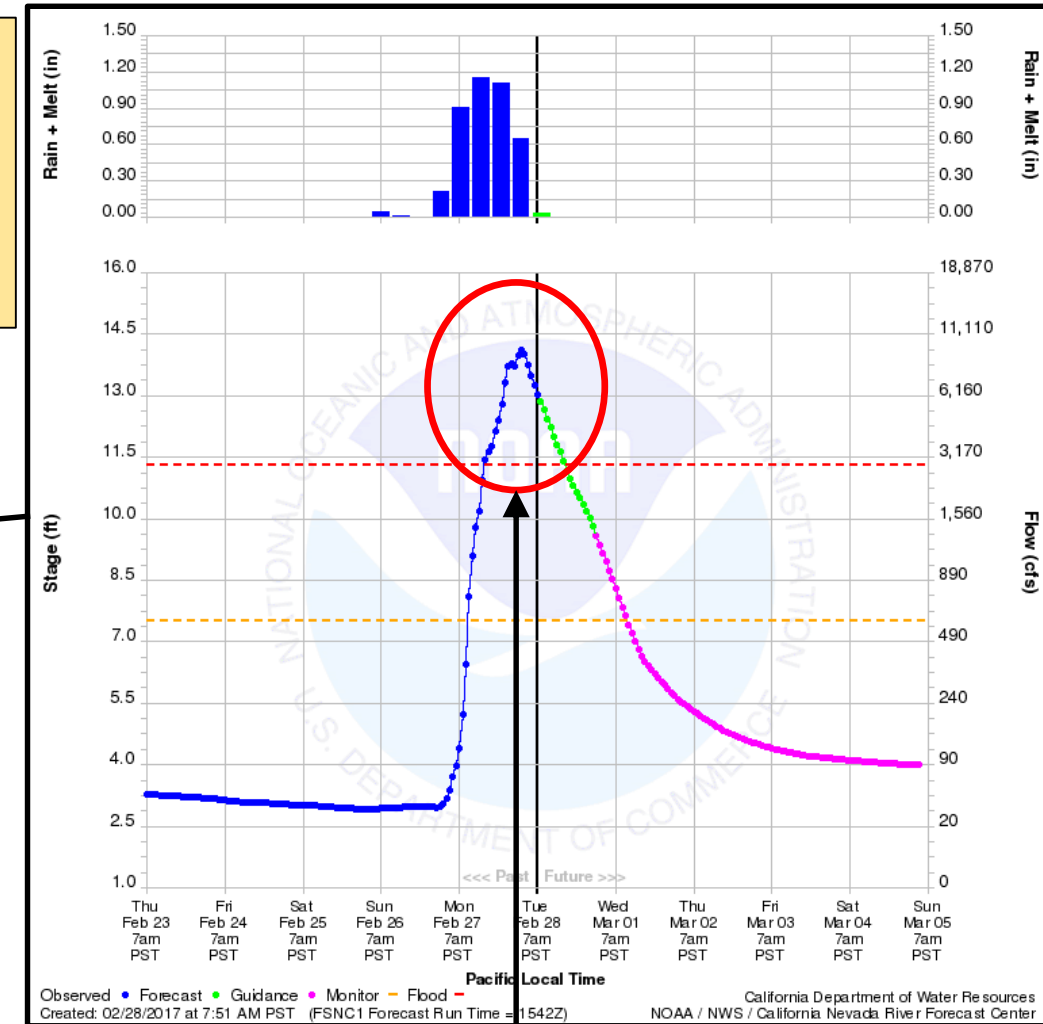
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Points: Observed 24-Hour Precipitation

Areal: Mon Feb 27 04 AM PST (27/12Z) through Tue Feb 28 04 AM PST (28/12Z)



For official NOAA-NWS
CNRFC Streamflow
Forecasts see
cnrfc.noaa.gov/rfc_guidance.php



The San Diego River Watershed received precipitation accumulations ranging from 2.3–6.4 inches over the last 24-hours causing the San Diego River at Fashion Valley to rise to 14.1 feet at 2 AM on 28 Feb (2.8 ft above flood stage)

AR Summary: 28 February 2017

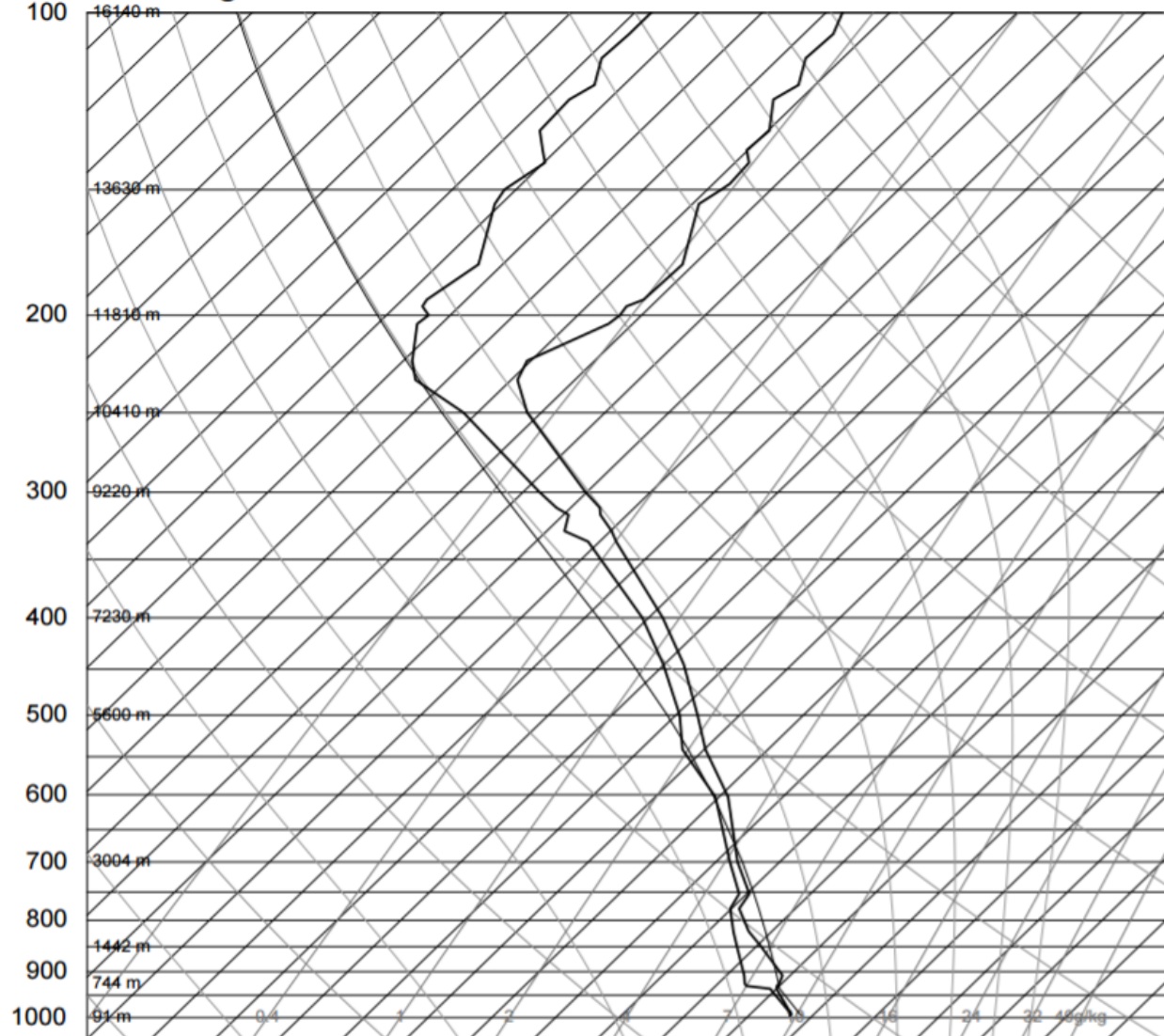
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72293 NKX San Diego



SLAT 32.85
SLOD
SELV 137.0
SHOW 4.84
LIFT 2.38
LFTV 2.40
SWET 129.0
KINX 26.60
CTOT 21.80
VTOT 23.70
TOTL 45.50
CAPE 55.71
CAPV 66.34
CINS 0.00
CINV 0.00
EQLV 669.6
EQTV 668.4
LFCT 954.5
LFCV 956.2
BRCH 0.78
BRCV 0.93
LCLT 284.5
LCLP 962.6
MLTH 287.7
MLMR 8.91
THCK 5509
PWAT 26.06

0000 UTC 28 Feb sounding in San Diego shows a well saturated atmosphere throughout the majority of the troposphere

IWV = 26.06 mm

**IVT = $361 \text{ kg m}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$
-Weak AR strength**

Veering winds indicate warm air advection below 600 hPa

Low level SSW jet >30 knots

00Z 28 Feb 2017

University of Wyoming

AR Summary: 28 February 2017

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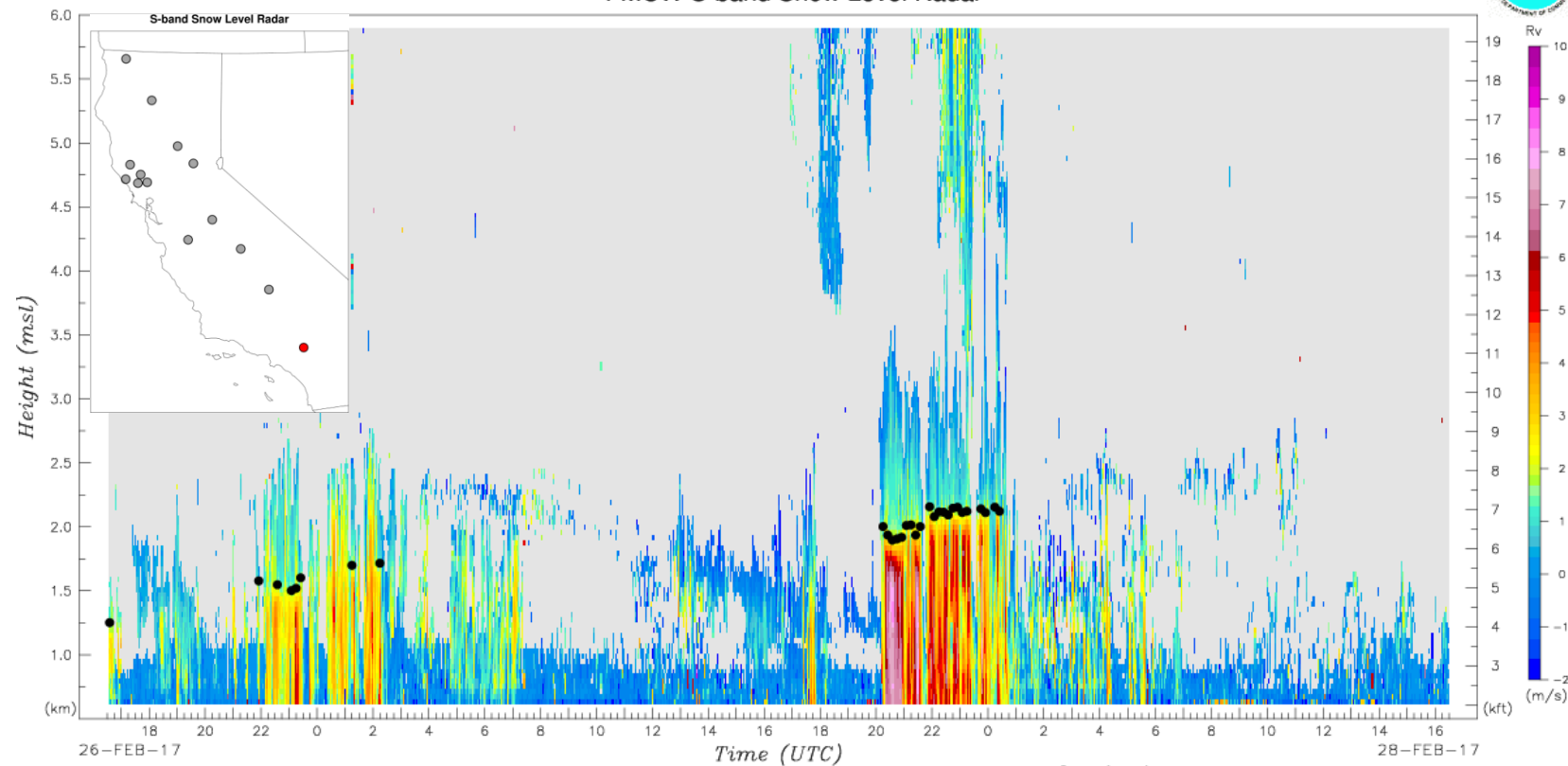
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The S-Band Snow Level Radar at San Bernardino, CA indicated that snow levels were ~7,000 feet during the ~24 hours of precipitation

Most of the topography around San Diego is below 7,000 feet, indicating that most of the precipitation that fell over the last 24 hours fell as rain

*San Bernardino experienced ~4 hours of bright band precipitation but the majority of precipitation during this event was south of San Bernadino

ESRL Physical Sciences Division
FMCW S-band Snow Level Radar



San Bernardino, CA (SBO)
34.2032 N, 117.3353 W, 602 m

• Snow Level

Time (UTC)	1700	1800	1900	2000	2100	2200	2300	00 0	0100	0200	0300	0400	0500	0600	0700	0800	0900	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400	1500	1600
Snow Level (m)	1252	none	none	none	none	1578	1534	none	1699	1716	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none
Snow Level (ft)	4106	none	none	none	none	5175	5031	none	5572	5628	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none
Sfc Temp (C)	6.19	7.34	8.52	9.12	9.46	9.94	8.90	8.77	8.16	7.68	6.93	6.93	6.61	6.38	6.31	6.07	5.89	5.98	6.07	6.09	6.57	7.05	7.22	7.47

Time (UTC)	1700	1800	1900	2000	2100	2200	2300	00 0	0100	0200	0300	0400	0500	0600	0700	0800	0900	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400	1500	1600
Snow Level (m)	none	none	none	1969	1927	2115	2122	2131	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none
Snow Level (ft)	none	none	none	6458	6320	6937	6960	6991	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none	none
Sfc Temp (C)	7.70	7.91	8.92	9.42	8.87	9.56	9.34	9.14	9.00	9.01	8.92	8.81	8.68	8.39	7.96	7.78	7.78	7.43	7.22	7.02	6.93	6.52	5.75	5.97

AR Summary: 28 February 2017

For California DWR's AR Program

Courtesy of @SDLifeguards



**The heavy precipitation
resulted in flooding,
mudslides, and road closures
across San Diego County**



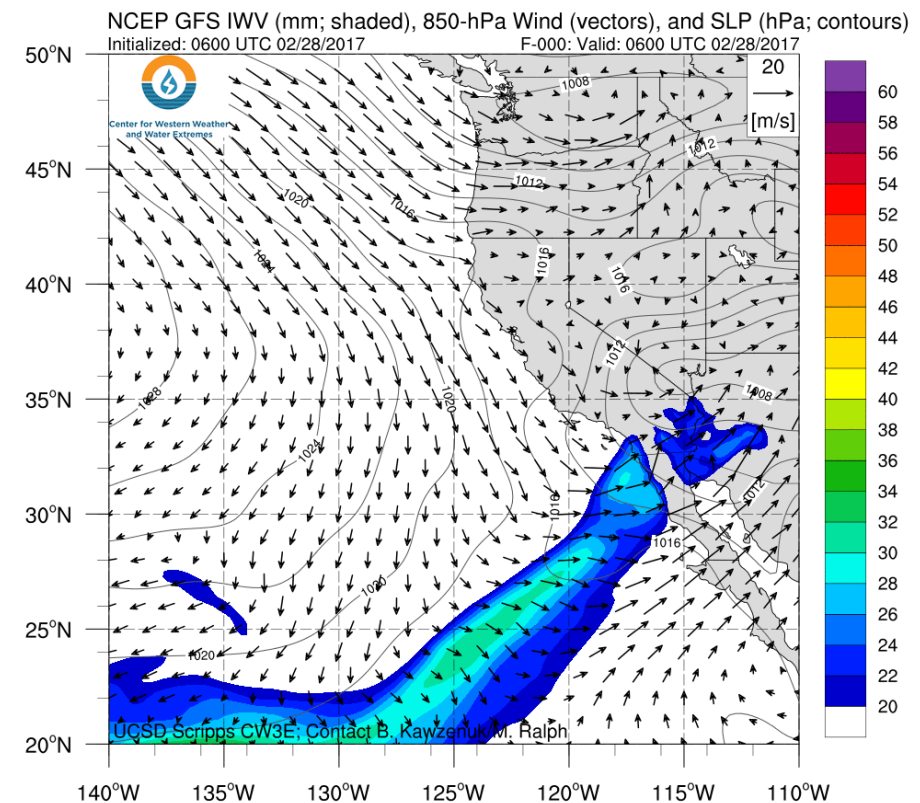
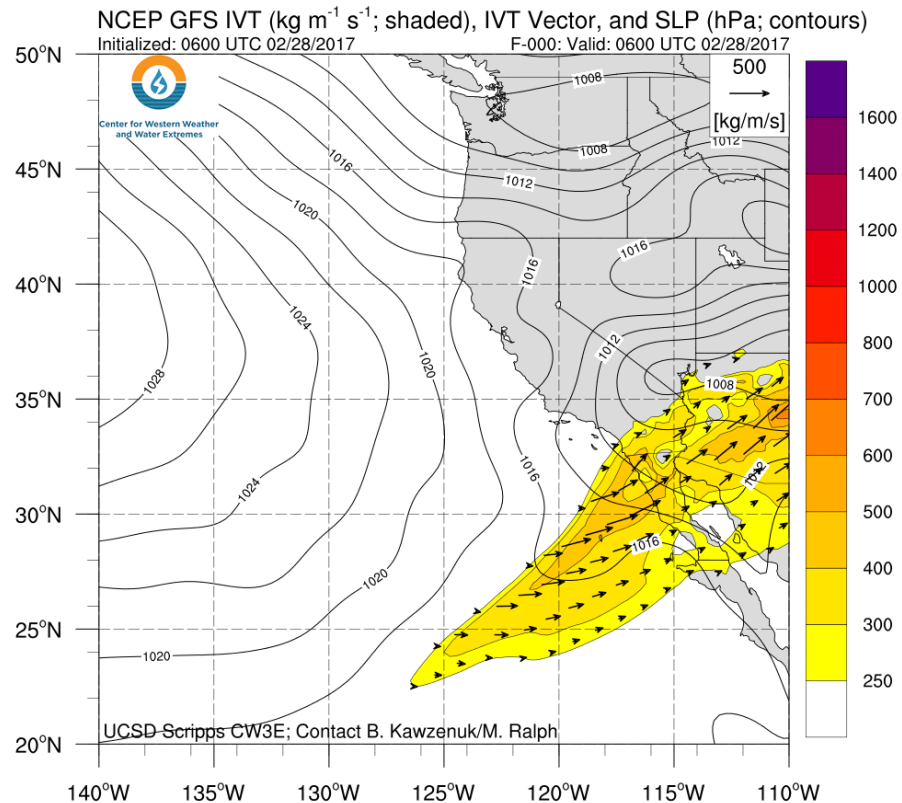
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Three ARs expected to make landfall over the U.S. West Coast over the next ten days

- The first AR is expected to make landfall over the Pac NW ~1800 UTC 2 March 2017 with weak strength ($IVT=250\text{--}500\text{ kg m}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$). Weak AR conditions may propagate over N CA. prior to dissipation.
- A second AR is expected to make landfall over N CA. at ~0000 UTC 5 March 2017. Coastal areas of N CA may see several hours of moderate strength AR conditions.
- Long range forecasts indicate the potential for a third weak AR during 8-10 March 2017, however there is large uncertainty in the models beyond forecast day 5.
- Large scale pattern beyond forecast day 9 indicates the potential for a return to active AR landfall conditions over the Pac NW
- Highest precipitation and impacts from these events is predicted to be over the Olympic and Cascade Mtns. in WA and Coastal Mtns. In NW CA.



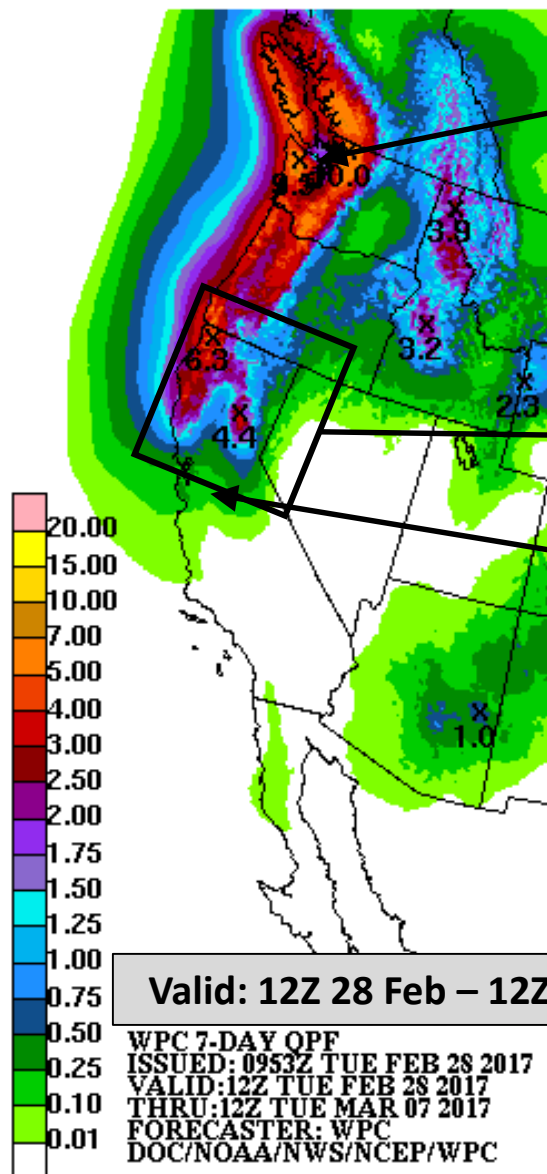
AR Outlook: 28 February 2017

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WPC Days 1-7 QPF



Maximum precipitation up to
10 in. predicted over WA
Cascade and Olympic
Mountains

NW CA expected to receive
over 6 inches of precipitation
over the next 7 days

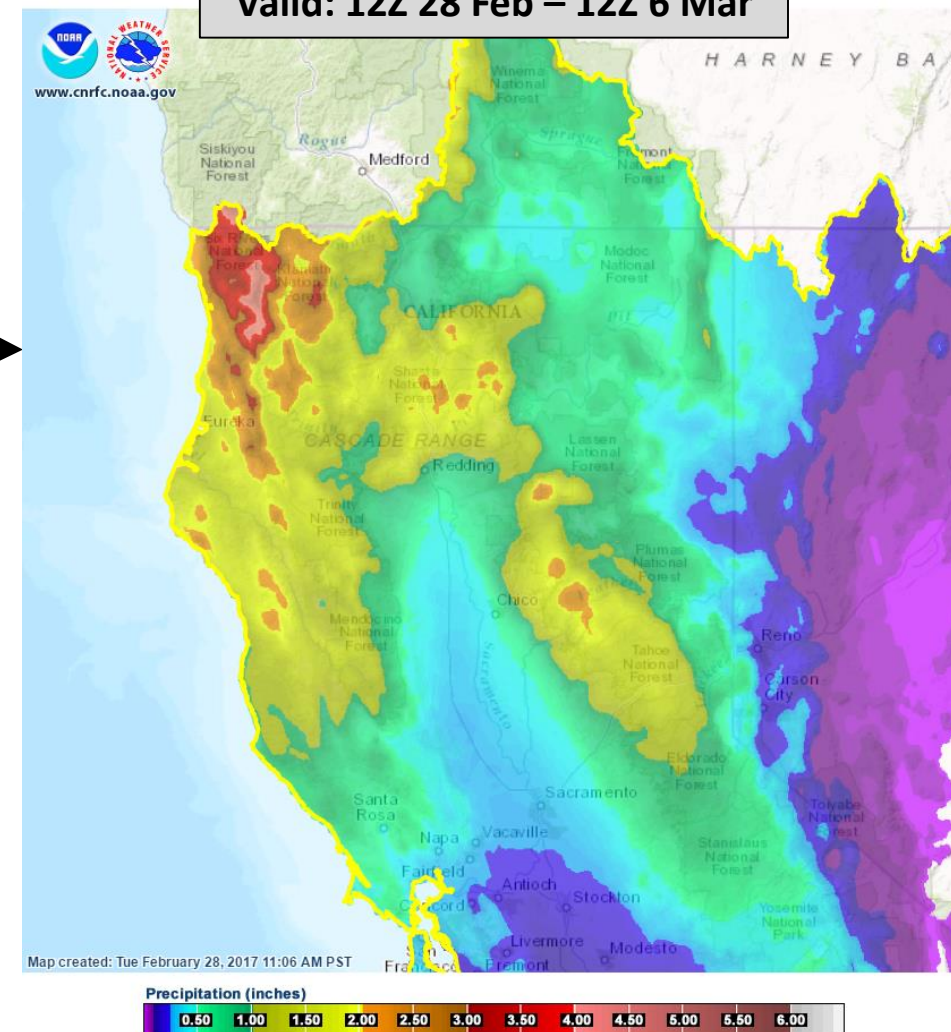
Tuolumne River: <0.25 in.

For Official NOAA-NWS and CNRFC
Precipitation Forecasts see
wpc.ncep.noaa.gov/qpf/qpf2.shtml
Or
cnrfc.noaa.gov/rfc_guidance.php

Valid: 12Z 28 Feb – 12Z 7 Mar

CNRFC Days 1-6 QPF

Valid: 12Z 28 Feb – 12Z 6 Mar



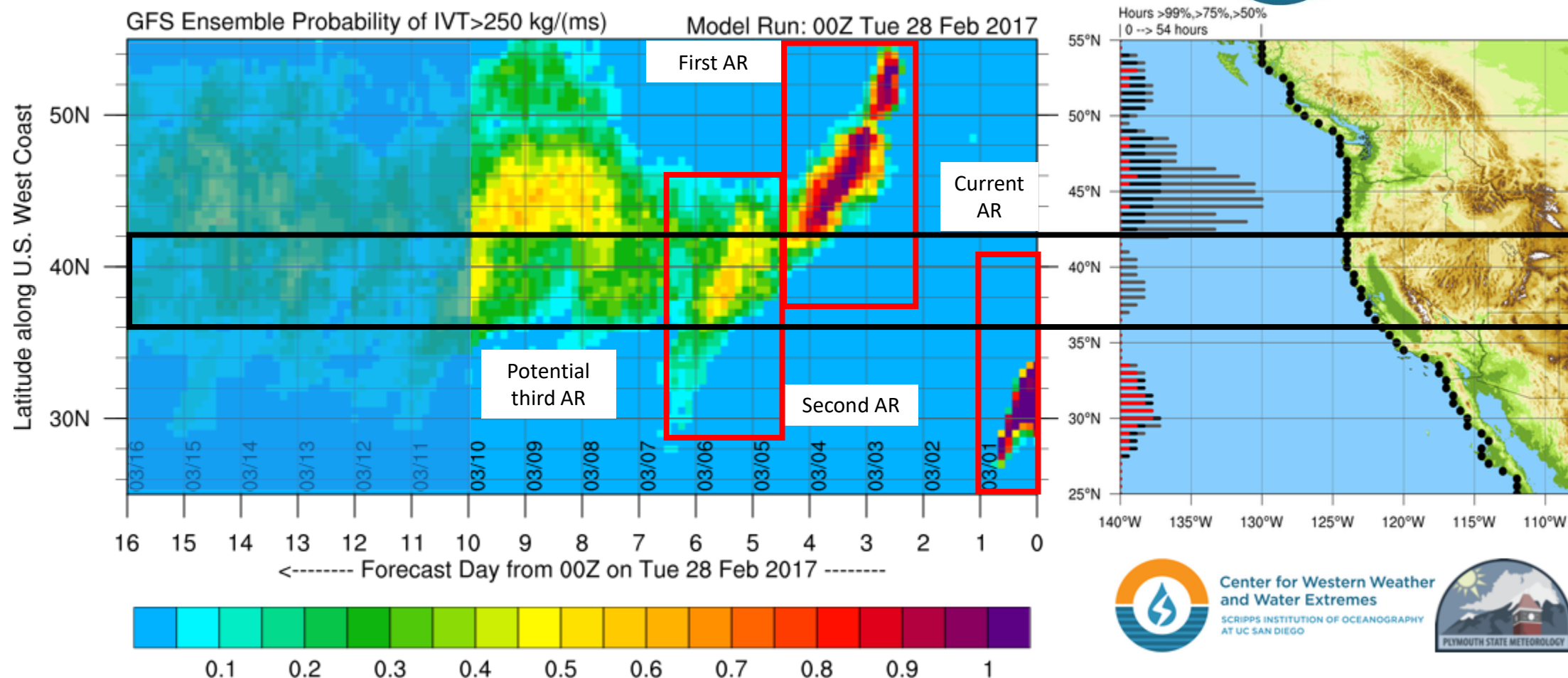
Summary by C. Hecht & B. Kawzenuk 1 PM PT Tuesday 28 Feb. 2017

AR Update: 28 February 2017

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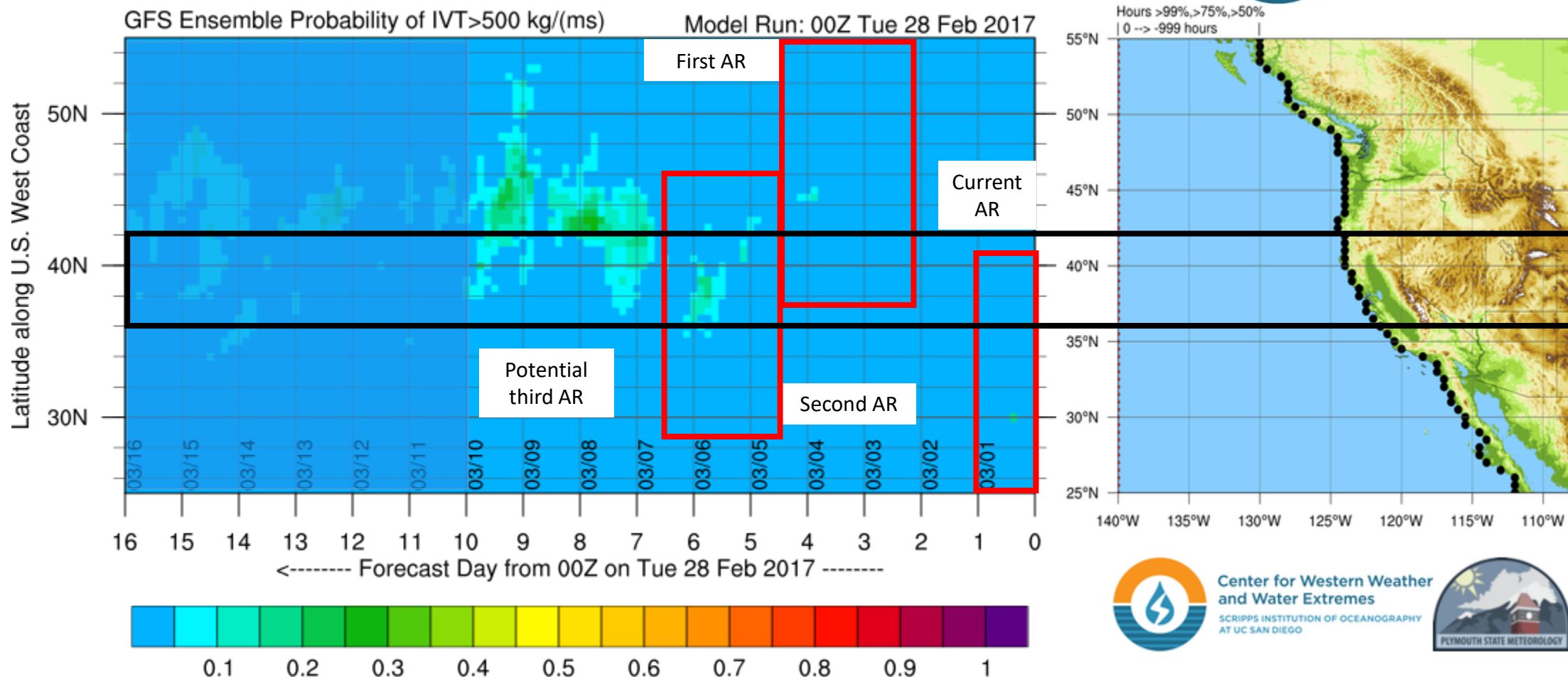
- Probability of reaching AR conditions ($\text{IVT} > 250 \text{ kg m}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$) of 90–100% over Pac NW in association with first AR, slight chance AR conditions are met over N. CA. prior to dissipation
- Moderate confidence (~60%) that second AR could make landfall over N. CA. on 5 March 2017
- Moderate confidence (~60%) that third AR could make landfall over N. CA. on 8 March 2017

AR Update: 28 February 2017

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- All three ARs are unlikely to produce moderate AR conditions ($\text{IVT} > 500 \text{ kg m}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$) over N. CA.
- Third AR predicted to be the strongest (~25% confidence in moderate strength)

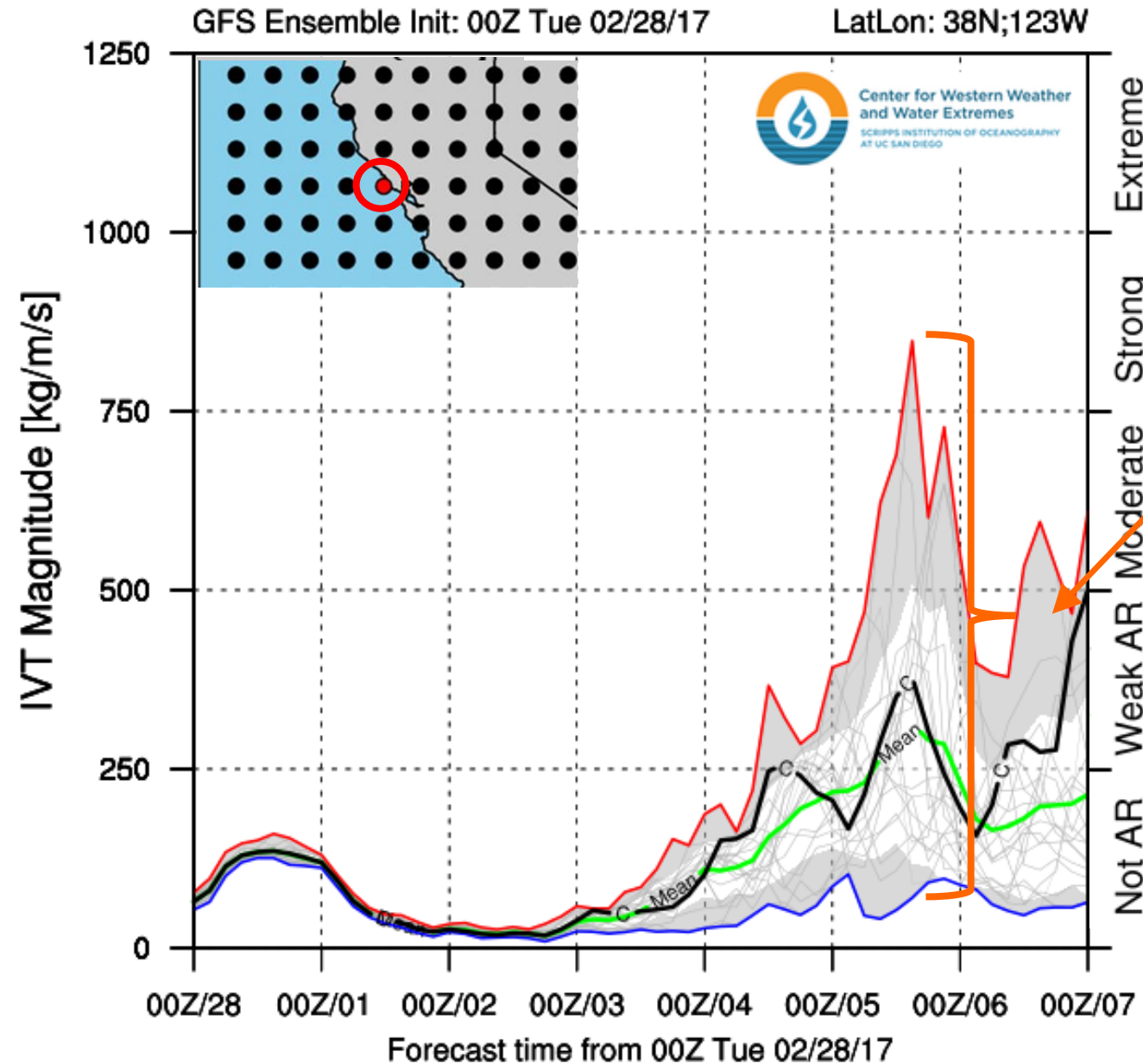
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First AR (2-3 Mar) is not expected to produce AR conditions over Russian River watershed

Second AR (5 Mar) expected to produce weak AR conditions, however there is large uncertainty

- Maximum possible IVT $\sim 850 \text{ kg m}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- Mean IVT $\sim 300 \text{ kg m}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- Uncertainty shows potential for weak to strong AR

Third AR expected to make landfall on 6 Mar 2017. Large uncertainty in strength and timing of AR. Several ensemble members indicate no break in AR conditions between events.

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TUOLUMNE RIVER - MODESTO (MDSC1)

Latitude: 37.63° N

Longitude: 120.99° W

Elevation: 90 Feet

Location: Stanislaus County in California

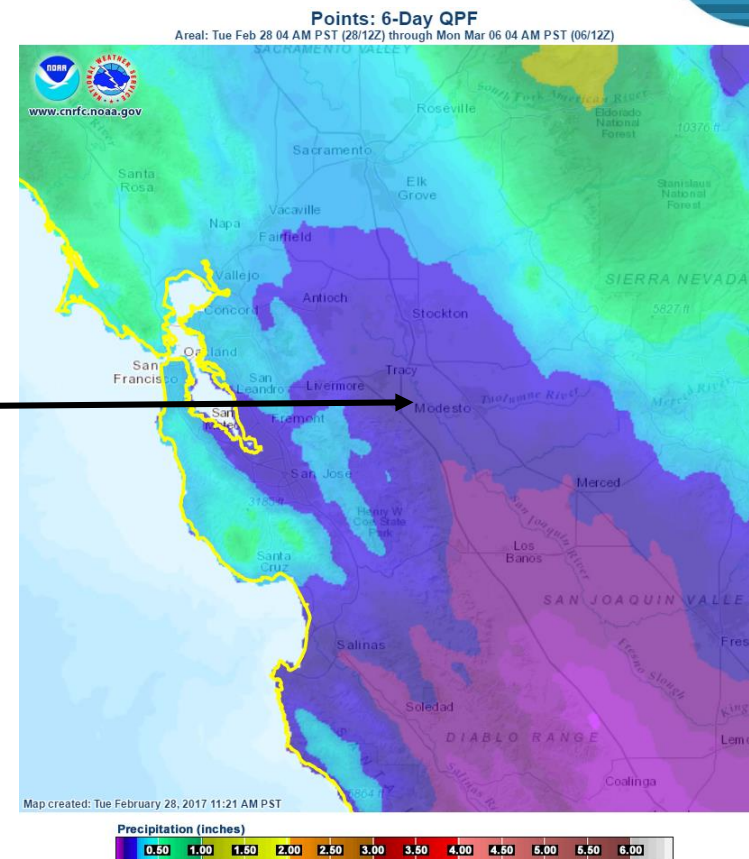
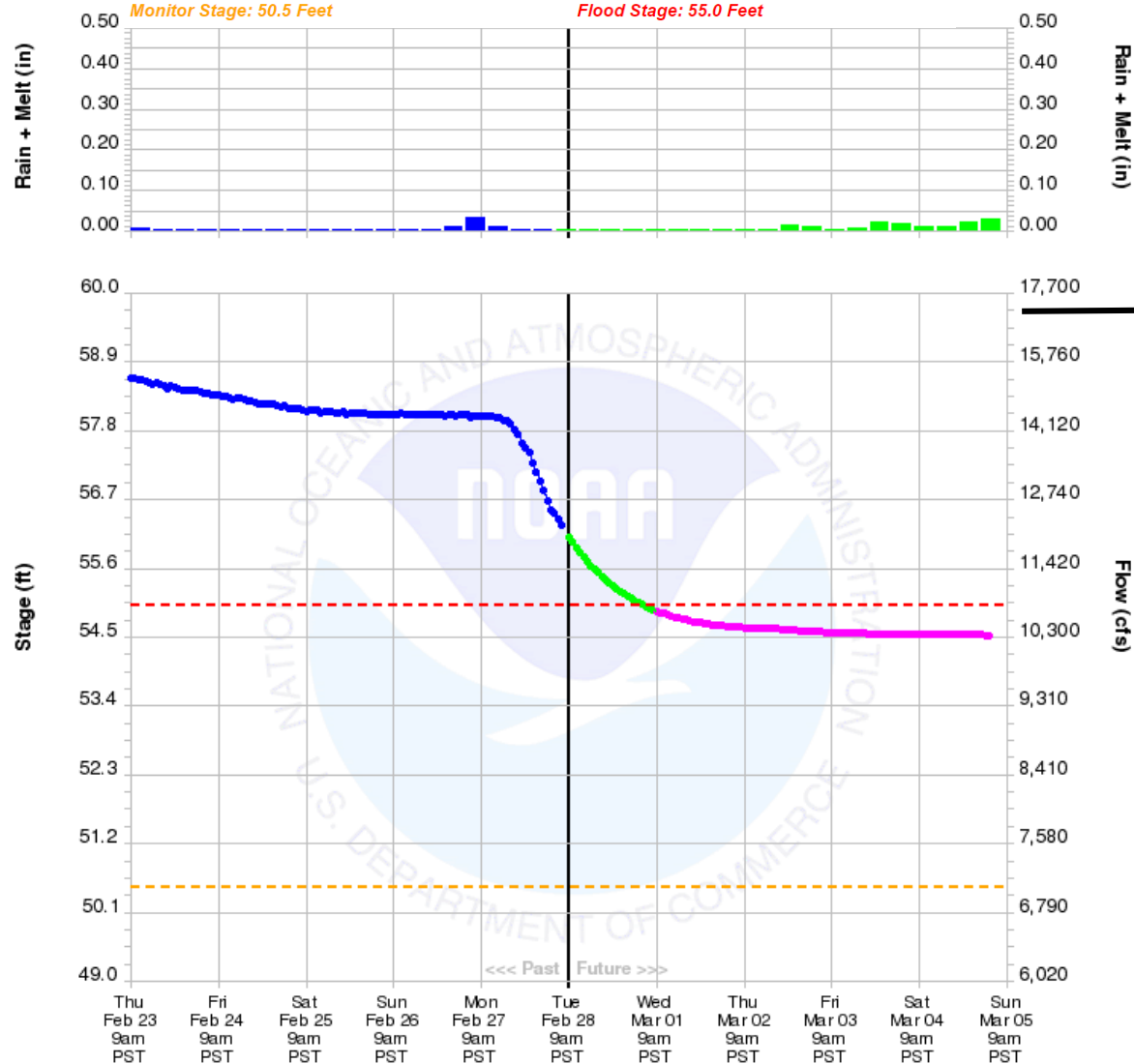
River Group: San Joaquin

Issuance Time: Feb 28 2017 at 9:24 AM PST

Next Issuance: Feb 28 2017 at 3:00 PM PST

Monitor Stage: 50.5 Feet

Flood Stage: 55.0 Feet



For Official CNRFC River
Forecasts see
<http://www.cnrfc.noaa.gov/>

The Tuolumne River is predicted to drop below flood stage in the next 24 hours, and does not show a large increase in stage over the next five days as precipitation is expected to be ~0.1 in. during that period

Summary by C. Hecht & B. Kawzenuk 1 PM PT Tuesday 28 Feb. 2017