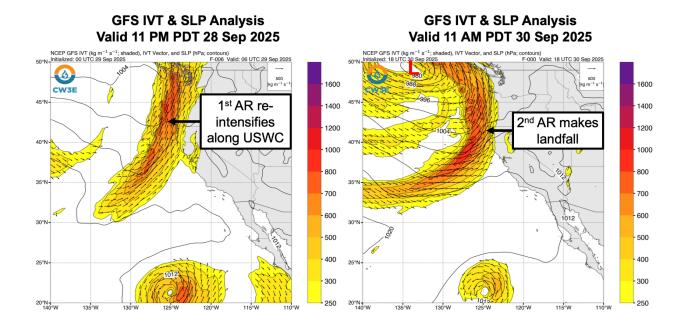
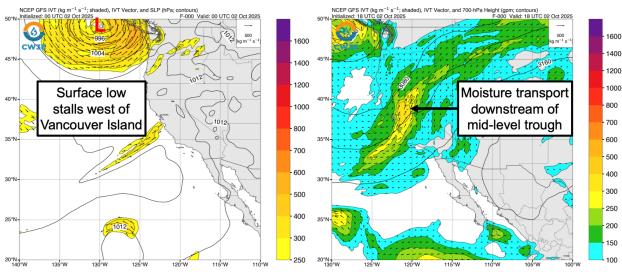
Quick Summary of the Recent Precipitation Events in the Western US Updated: 4 October 2025

- Multiple atmospheric rivers (ARs) and a complex storm system brought several rounds of precipitation to the western US over the past week.
- The first AR initially made landfall over British Columbia on Fri 26 Sep and then re-intensified prior to making landfall along the US West Coast on Sun 28 Feb.
- The second AR made landfall on Tue 30 Sep ahead of a strong low-pressure system that stalled west of Vancouver Island. Weak AR conditions (IVT<500 kg m⁻¹ s⁻¹) lasted over the Olympic Peninsula into Thu 2 Oct as cyclonic flow continued to transport moisture onshore.
- As time progressed, the mid-level trough associated with the surface low gradually moved eastward and interacted with remnant moisture from the second AR, resulting in a period of enhanced moisture transport over the interior western US.
- The first AR ranked as an AR 2/3 over coastal Washington and Oregon (based on the Ralph et al. 2019 AR Scale) and produced 1–3 inches of precipitation over the Klamath Mountains, Olympic Peninsula, and central and northeastern Nevada.
- The second AR and storm system combined to produce 3–6 inches of precipitation over the Olympic Mountains and 1–3 inches of precipitation across Shasta County, CA, the Northern and Central Sierra Nevada, central and northern Nevada, and southwestern Idaho.
- Total precipitation between Sun 28 Sep and Sat 4 Oct exceeded 30% of normal total water year precipitation in portions of Lander County, NV.
- Impacts were limited, and precipitation from these storms was mostly beneficial for regions experiencing abnormally dry and moderate drought conditions.



GFS IVT & SLP Analysis Valid 5 PM PDT 1 Oct 2025 1-1 s-1-shaded IVT Vector and SIP (FPs contaurs)

GFS IVT & 700-hPa Height Analysis Valid 11 AM PDT 2 Oct 2025



GEFS Control AR Scale Analysis

