

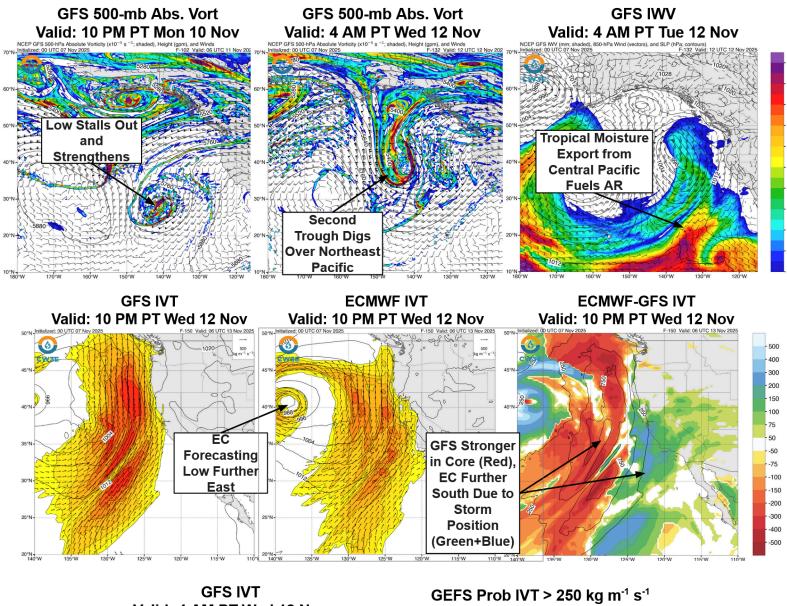
Quick Look at the Potential for Atmospheric River Activity Next Week Issued: 7 November 2025

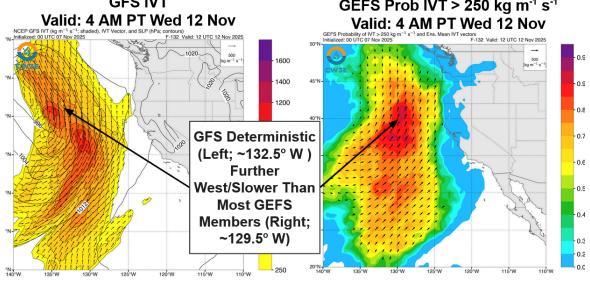
Model guidance is showing the potential for atmospheric river (AR) activity along the US West Coast and heavy precipitation over California next week..

Forecast Highlights:

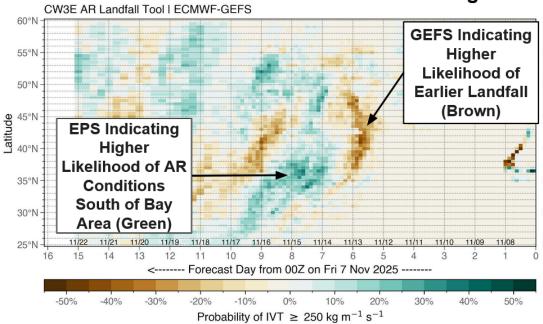
- A low-pressure system is forecast to cut-off from a trough propagating across the Northeast Pacific Sun 9 Nov to Mon 10 Nov and stall northeast of Hawaii. The low is then forecast to strengthen in response to an amplifying upstream trough, facilitating a tropical moisture export from the Eastern Pacific and resulting in an AR landfall over the US West Coast.
- The deterministic GFS and ECMWF are currently showing relatively good agreement in the location of the low at landfall and the timing of AR landfall along the US West Coast, but there is still uncertainty in the strength of the AR and the track of the low following landfall.
- The GFS deterministic is forecasting a later landfall than the majority of GEFS members. CW3E's AR Landfall tool based on the GEFS shows a very high probability (>90%) of IVT ≥250 kg m⁻¹ s⁻¹ along the US West Coast beginning early Wed 12 Nov whereas the GFS deterministic is forecasting IVT landfall late Wed 12 Nov.
- Compared to GEFS, the ECMWF EPS is forecasting a later AR landfall (late Wed 12 Nov) and a higher likelihood of AR conditions extending southward into Central and Southern California through Sat 15 Nov.
- GEFS is forecasting AR 1–2 (based on the Ralph et al. 2019 AR Scale) conditions for coastal California south of the Monterey Peninsula and over the Washington and Northern/Central Oregon coasts.
- GEFS is indicating the potential for stronger IVT magnitudes and a longer duration of AR conditions in Northern and Central California, where 30–60% of GEFS members are forecasting at least AR 3 conditions.
- There is still significant uncertainty in the timing, duration, and magnitude of AR conditions.
- CW3E's watershed precipitation tool shows that the GEFS is forecasting slightly higher 10-day precipitation totals in Northern California while the EPS is forecasting slightly higher totals in coastal Central and Southern California and the Southern Sierra Nevada. There is considerable uncertainty in forecast precipitation, with several GEFS/EPS members forecasting <0.5 inches and several others forecasting >4 inches in the Russian watershed.
- The Climate Prediction Center's Day 8–14 Hazard Outlook indicates a moderate risk for heavy precipitation over the Northern and Central Sierra Nevada and Transverse Ranges and heavy snowfall over the Northern and Central Sierra Nevada for Sat 15 and Sun 16 Nov.

Stay alert to official NWS forecasts, watches, and warnings at weather.gov

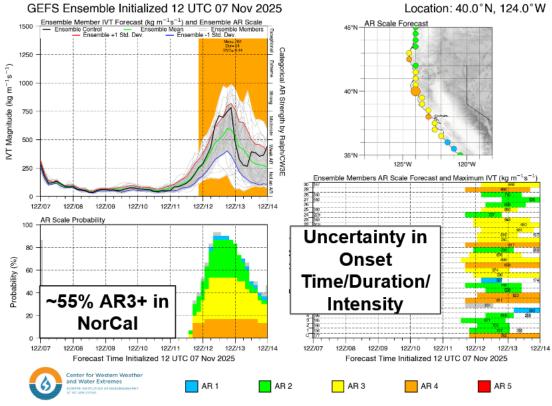


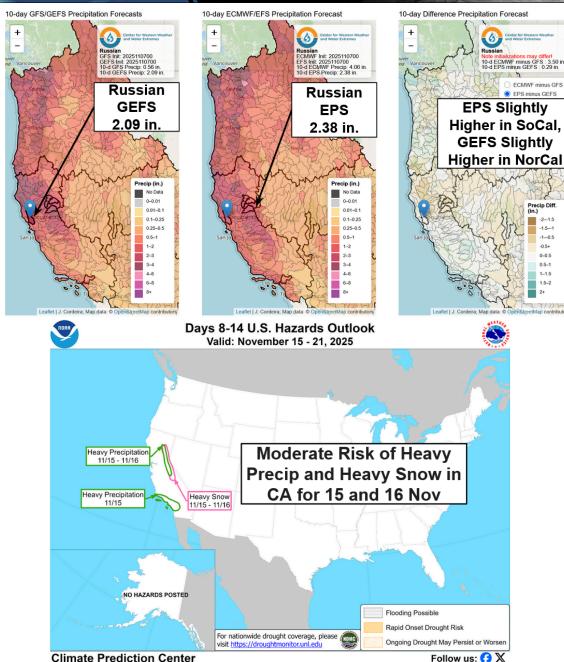


CW3E Landfall Tool ECMWF - GEFS Probabilities of IVT > 250 kg m⁻¹ s⁻¹



Forecasts support FIRO/CA-AR Program and NSF #2052972 | Intended for research purposes only





Additional Considerations:

Visit https://www.weather.gov/cnrfc/ and https://www.weather.gov/cnrfc/ for specific river and stream forecasts and https://www.weather.gov/ for point specific forecasts.

In-depth AR forecasts products can be found here: http://cw3e.ucsd.edu/iwv-and-ivt-forecasts/

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